



# TAVI - Etat des lieux en 2025 : Epidémiologie, indications, technique et principaux résultats cliniques.

Cédric Delhayé  
CHU Lille

# DÉCLARATION DE LIENS D'INTÉRÊT AVEC LA PRÉSENTATION

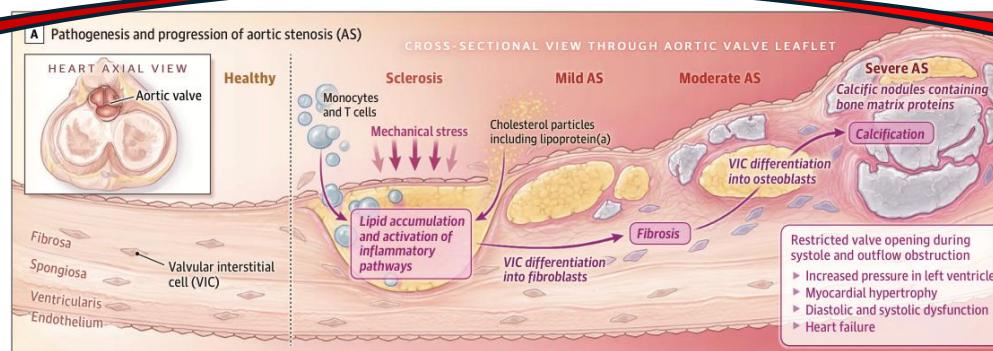
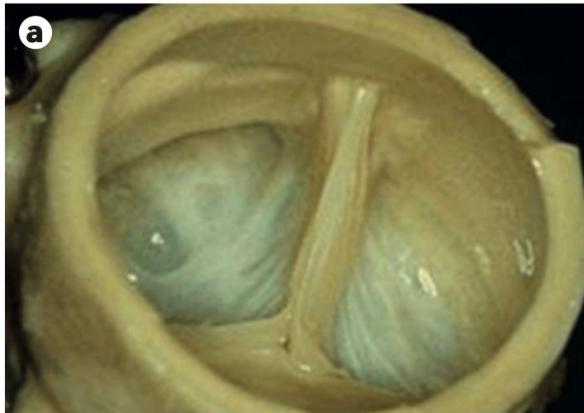
**Speaker's name : Cédric DELHAYE, Lille**

Je déclare les liens d'intérêt potentiel suivants :

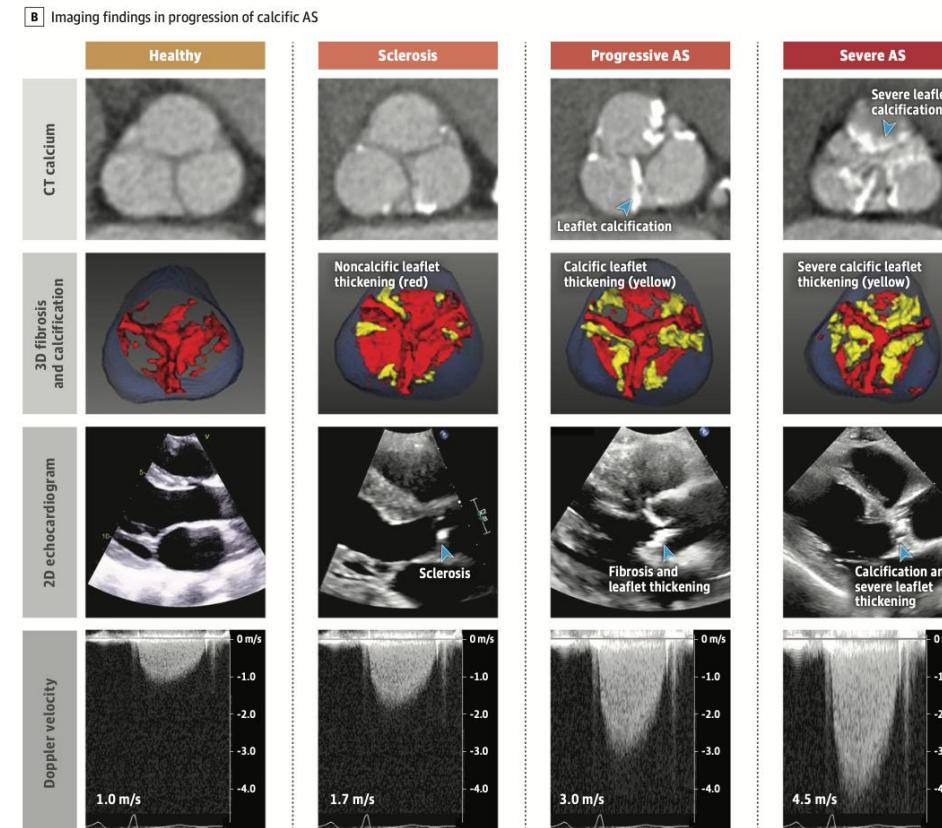
Consultant / Proctoring : Abbott, Asahi, Medtronic

# Histoire naturelle de la sténose aortique

Valve Normale



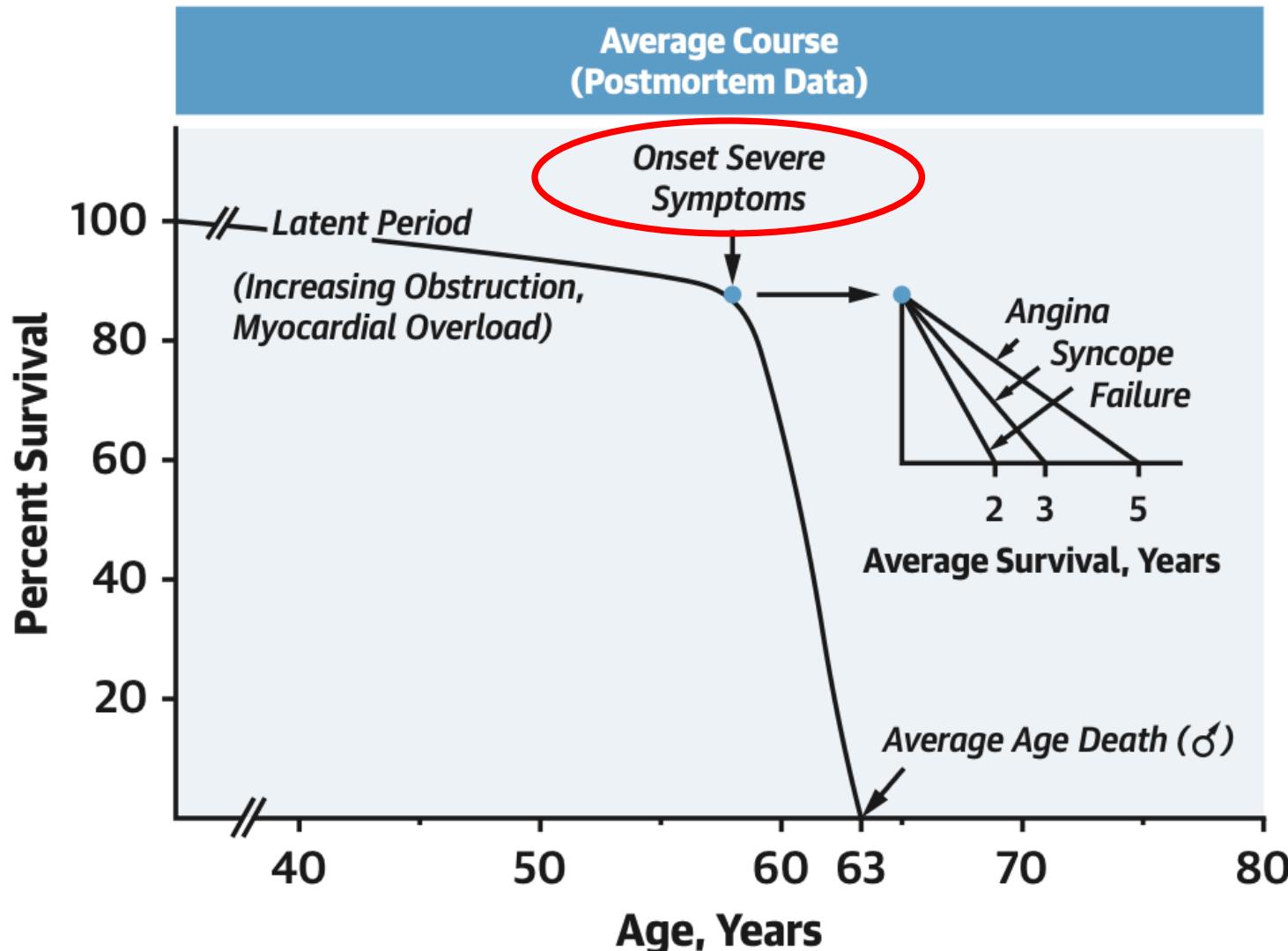
Rac serré



Augmentation Pression VG  
Hypertrophie VG  
Dysfonction diastolique et systolique  
Insuffisance cardiaque  
Décès

# Histoire naturelle de la sténose aortique

## Sans traitement...

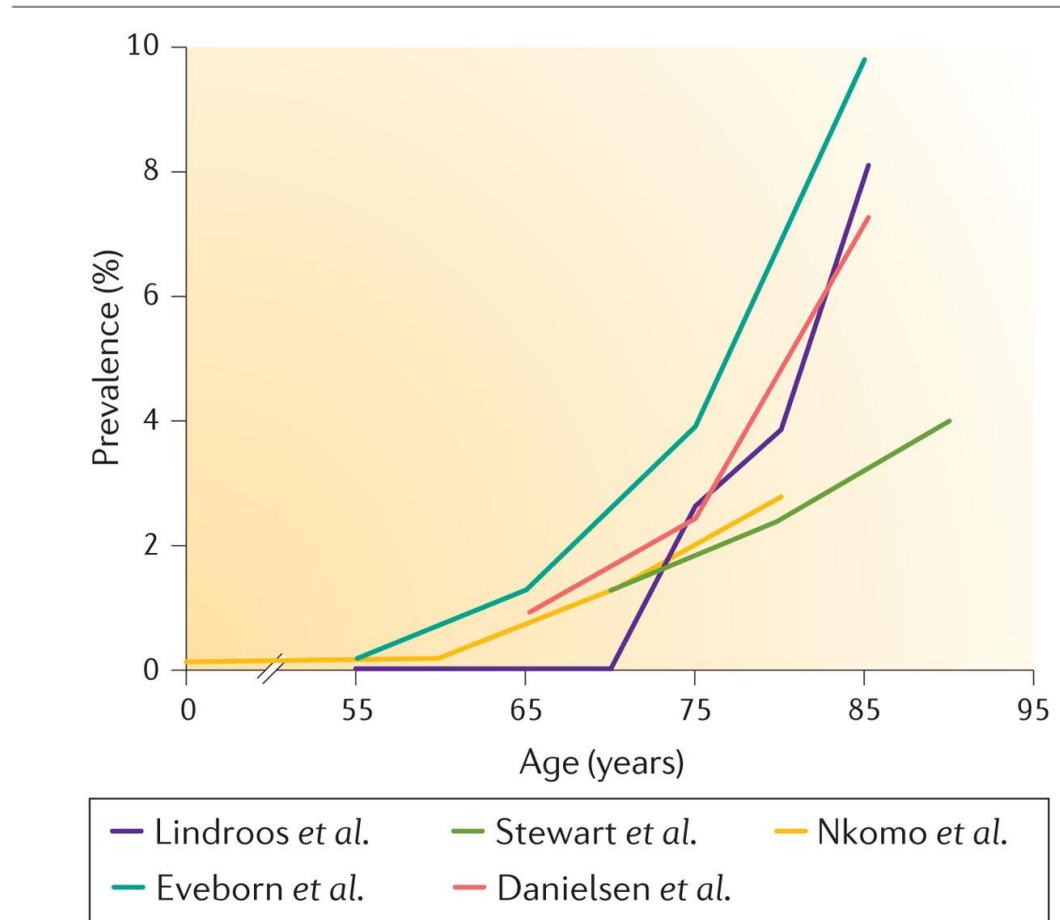


Braunwald E. J Am Coll Cardiol. 2023 Nov 28;82(22):2110-2112.

Ross J Jr, Braunwald E. Circulation. 1968;38(1s5):V61–V67.

# Prévalence du RAC

## Calcific aortic stenosis

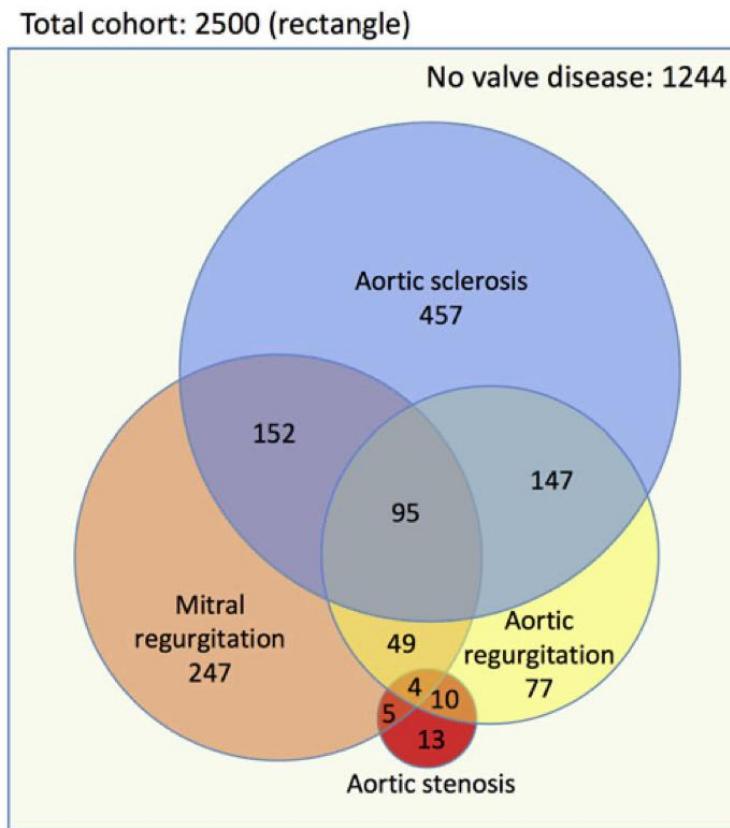


# RAC: beaucoup de patients sous diagnostiqués

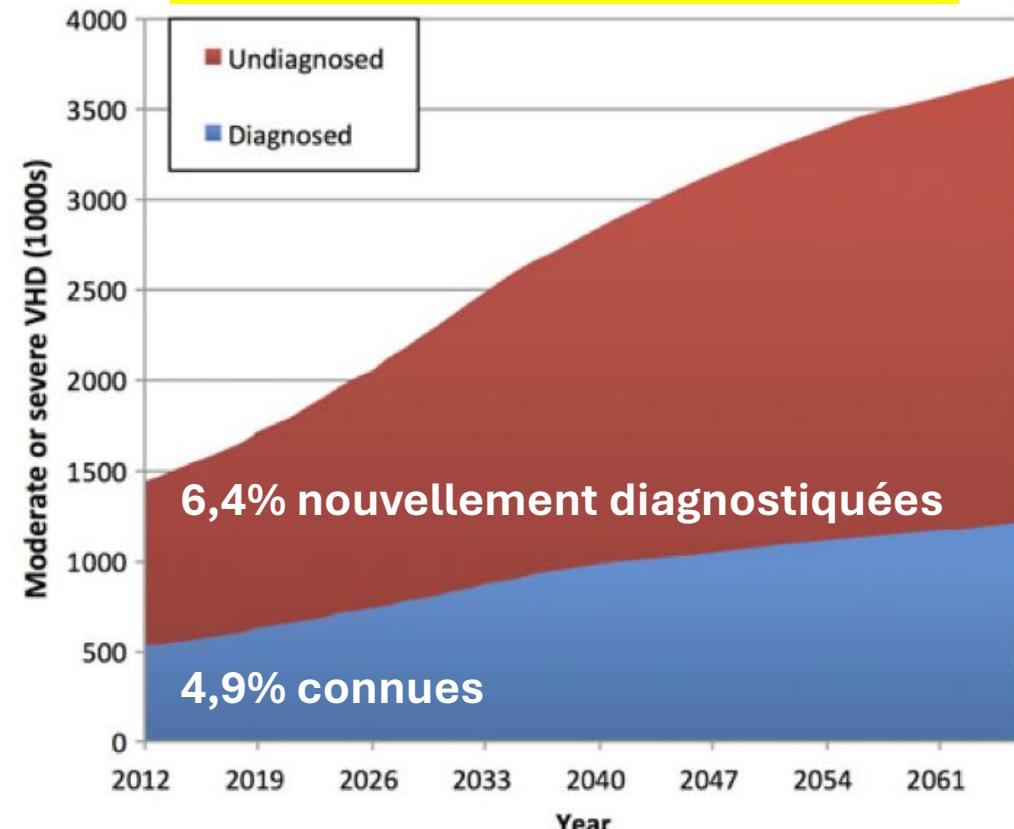
OXValve Population Cohort Study

Dépistage échocardiographique prospectif chez 2500 habitants  
> 65 ans en pratique de médecine générale

34% Sclérose aortique; 1,3% RAC

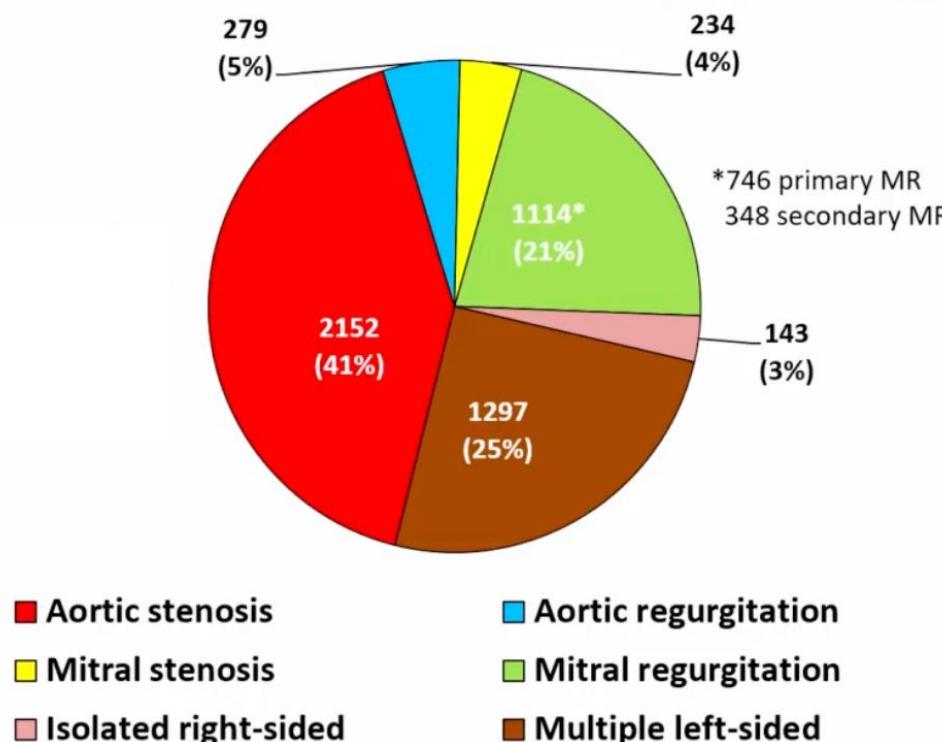


Beaucoup de patients non diagnostiqués  
Et une prévalence qui va doubler



# Le RAC: valvulopathie la plus fréquente

**EORP Valvular Heart Disease Survey II**  
**Severe native VHD enrolled prospectively**  
(28 countries, 3-month, 2017)



## Patient characteristics

	AS	AR	MS	MR	Multiple left	Isolated right	Previous Interv.
Age (years)	76 [67-83]	58 [48-69]	59 [45-68]	68 [60-77]	75 [65-82]	74 [65-81]	70 [59-78]
≥ 80 yrs (%)	38	6	6	17	33	26	36
Female (%)	43	19	75	44	54	59	21
HF < 1 yr. (%)	16	11	17	27	24	25	17
NYHA III-IV (%)	37	19	45	47	50	52	26
A. Fib (%)	14	6	46	35	30	57	32
Charlson index	4 [3-6]	2 [1-3]	2 [1-3]	3 [2-5]	4 [3-6]	4 [3-6]	3 [2-5]
Euroscore II	1.9 [1.1-3.4]	1.0 [0.6-1.9]	1.2 [0.8-2.2]	2.0 [1.0-4.0]	2.3 [1.3-4.7]	2.3 [1.4-4.3]	3.0 [1.6- 6.0]

# RAC: Quel traitement ?

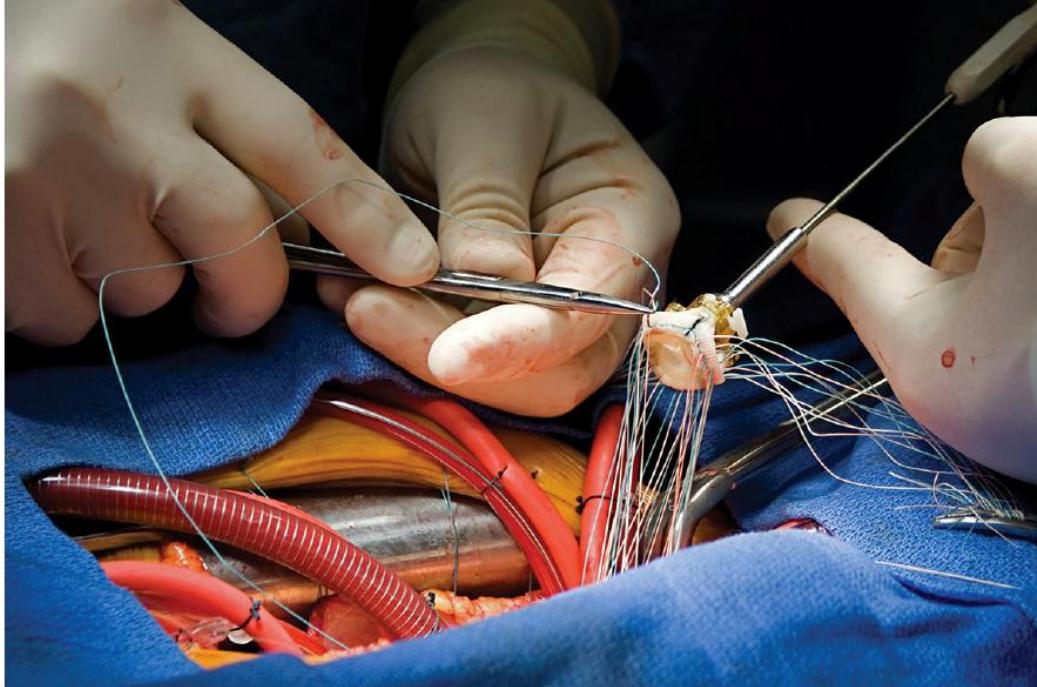
## Traitement Médical:

**Aucun traitement pharmacologique n'a démontré son efficacité dans la prévention ou le ralentissement du RAC.**

# RAC: Quel traitement ?

**Le remplacement valvulaire aortique**

**Chirurgie (SAVR)**



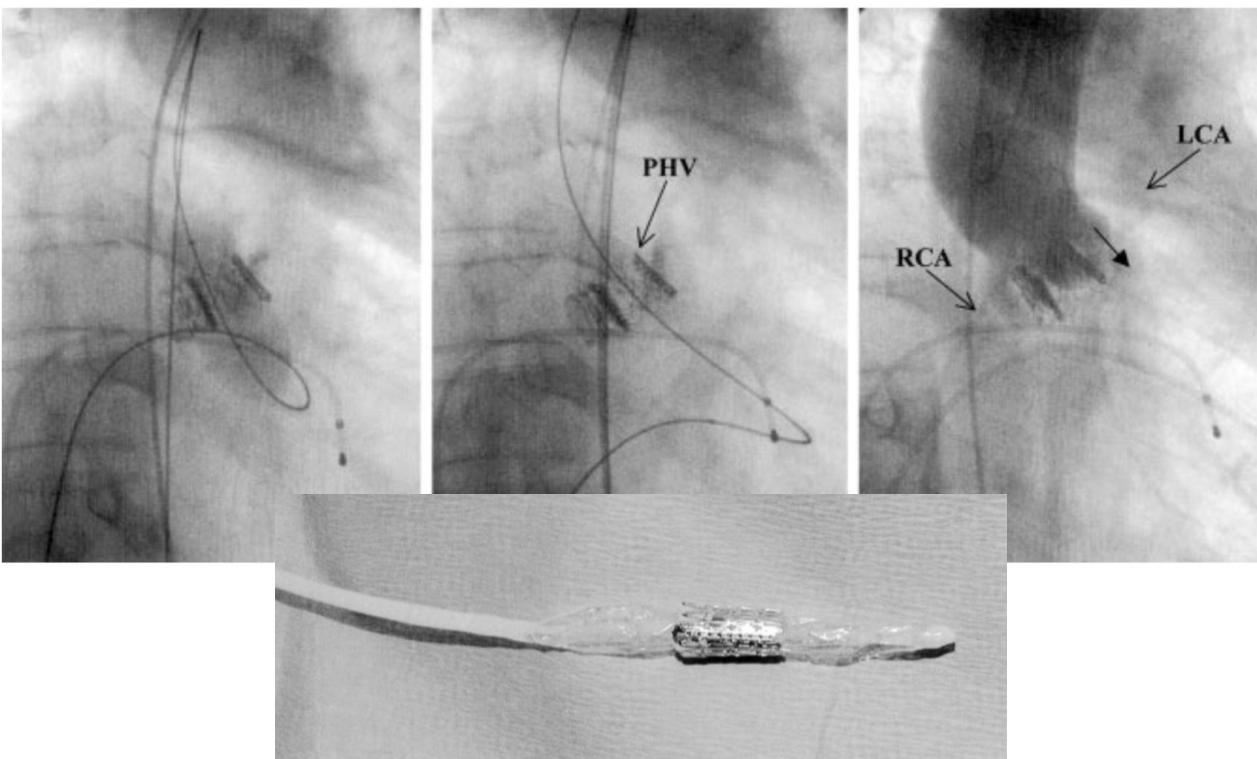
**TAVI / TAVR**



# Percutaneous Transcatheter Implantation of an Aortic Valve Prosthesis for Calcific Aortic Stenosis

## First Human Case Description

Alain Cribier, MD; Helene Eltchaninoff, MD; Assaf Bash, PhD; Nicolas Borenstein, MD;  
Christophe Tron, MD; Fabrice Bauer, MD; Genevieve Derumeaux, MD; Frederic Anselme, MD;  
François Laborde, MD; Martin B. Leon, MD



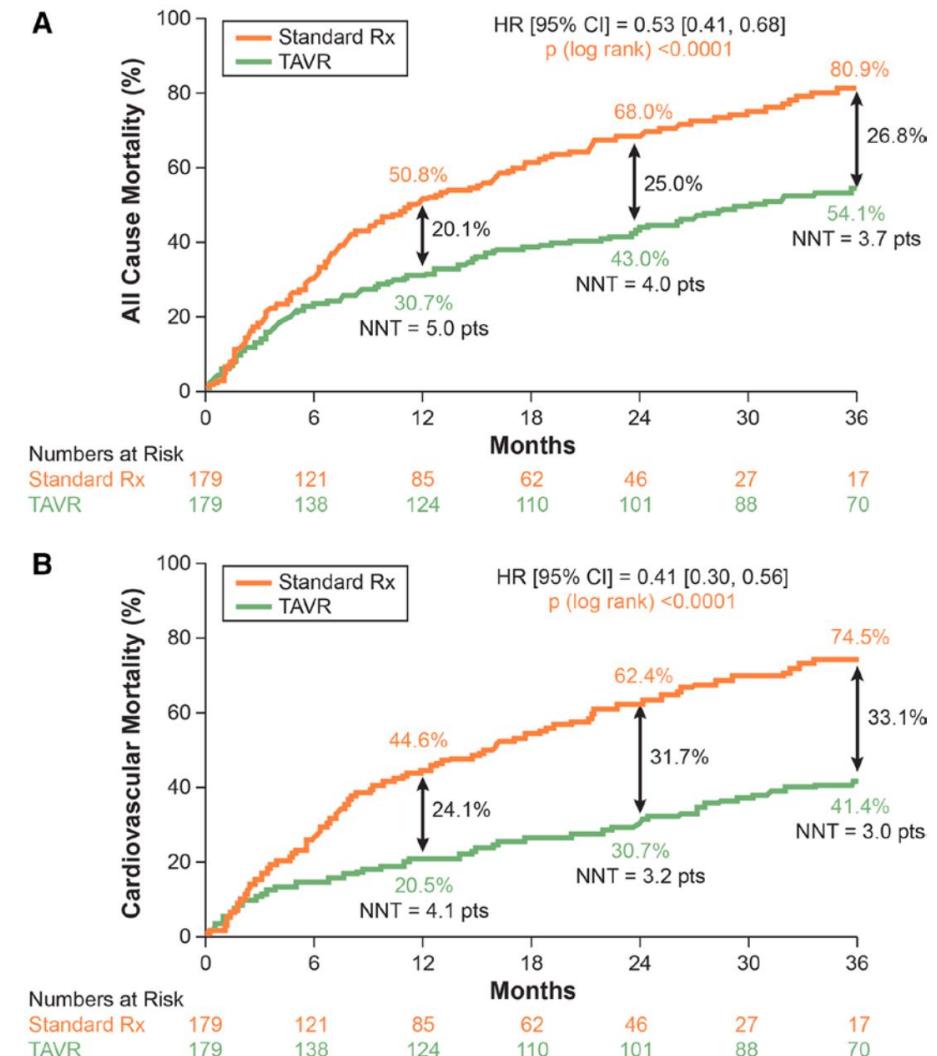
# 1<sup>ère</sup> RCT sur le TAVI: Quel pronostic sans intervention ?

Without intervention AS is a lethal disease AND intervention is effective.

## PARTNER 1B RCT: Medical TT vs TAVI in inoperable patients

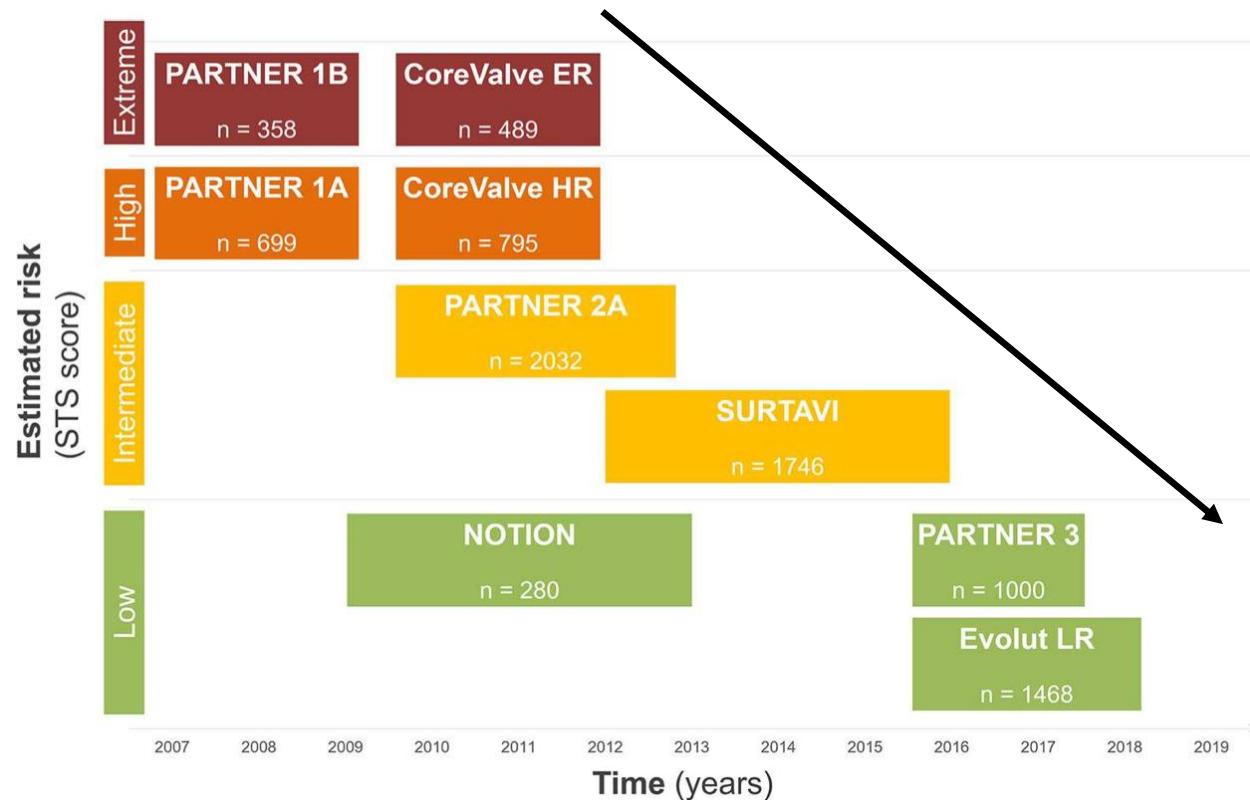
### Long-Term Outcomes of Inoperable Patients With Aortic Stenosis Randomly Assigned to Transcatheter Aortic Valve Replacement or Standard Therapy

Samir R. Kapadia, MD, E. Murat Tuzcu, MD, Raj R. Makkar, MD, Lars G. Svensson, MD, PhD, Shikhar Agarwal, MD, MPH, Susheel Kodali, MD, Gregory P. Fontana, MD, ... [SHOW ALL](#) ..., and Martin B. Leon, MD | [AUTHOR INFO & AFFILIATIONS](#)



# RCT of TAVI Trials

## Du patient inopérable au patient à faible risque opératoire



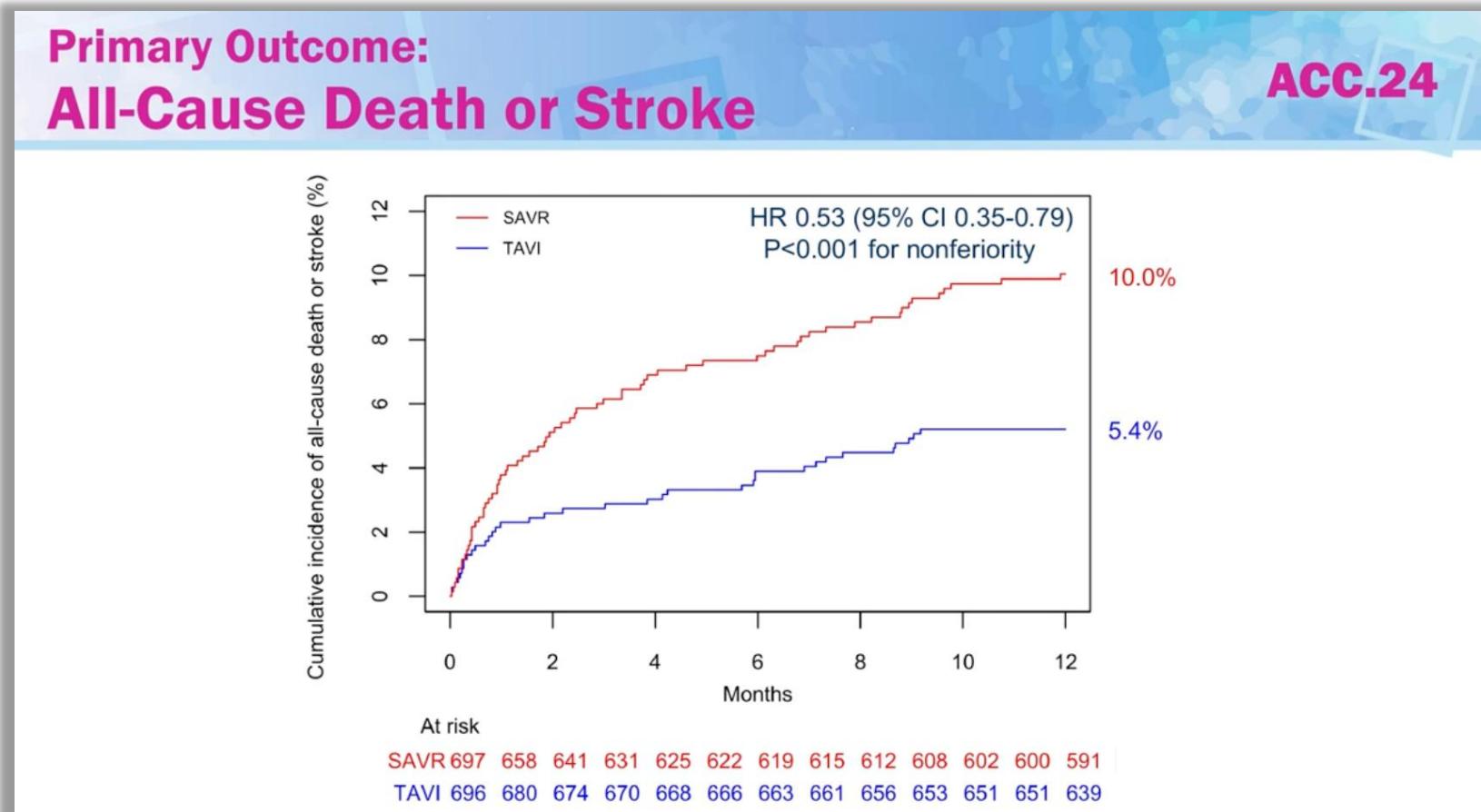
	STS Score	Age
<i>Inoperable Population</i>		
PARTNER IB Trial (2010)	11.6	83
<i>High Risk Population (&gt;8)</i>		
PARTNER IA Trial (2011)	11.8	84
CoreValve US Pivotal Trial (2014)	7.4	83
<i>Intermediate Risk Population (4-8)</i>		
PARTNER II Trial (2016)	5.8	82
SURTAVI (2017)	4.5	80
<i>Low Risk Population (&lt;4)</i>		
NOTION Trial (2015)	3.0	79
PARTNER III (2019)	1.9	73
Evolut Low Risk Trial (2019)	1.9	74
DEDICATE trial (2024)	1.8	74

TAVI non inférieur ou supérieur à la chirurgie

# All comers Low risk patients at 1 year

## DEDICATE Trial (n=1414)

Mean age 74±4 years, STS: 1.8%,  
Balloon expandable HV: 61.4%, Self Expandable HV: 35.1%



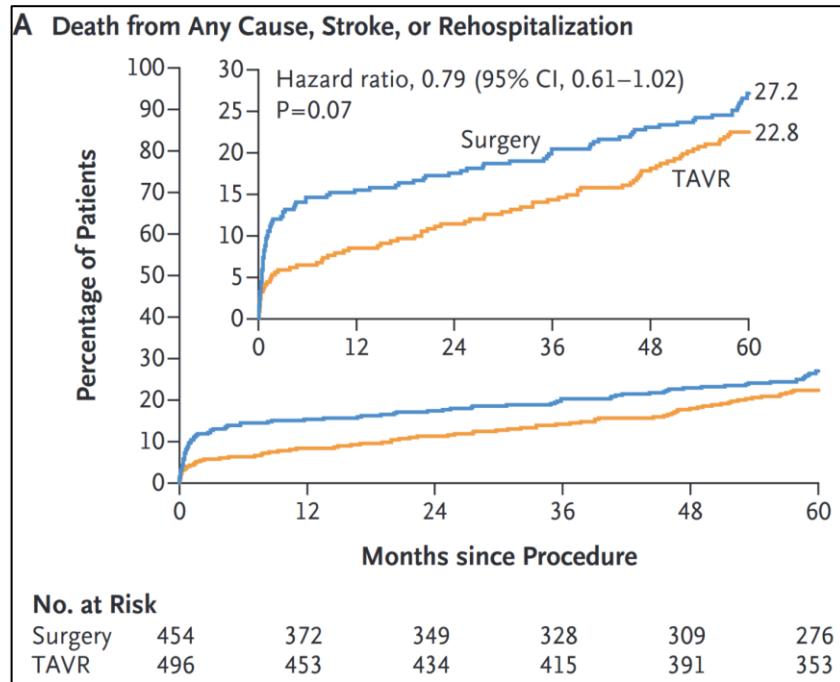
# Low-risk patients at 5 years



ORIGINAL ARTICLE

## Transcatheter Aortic-Valve Replacement in Low-Risk Patients at Five Years

### PARTNER 3



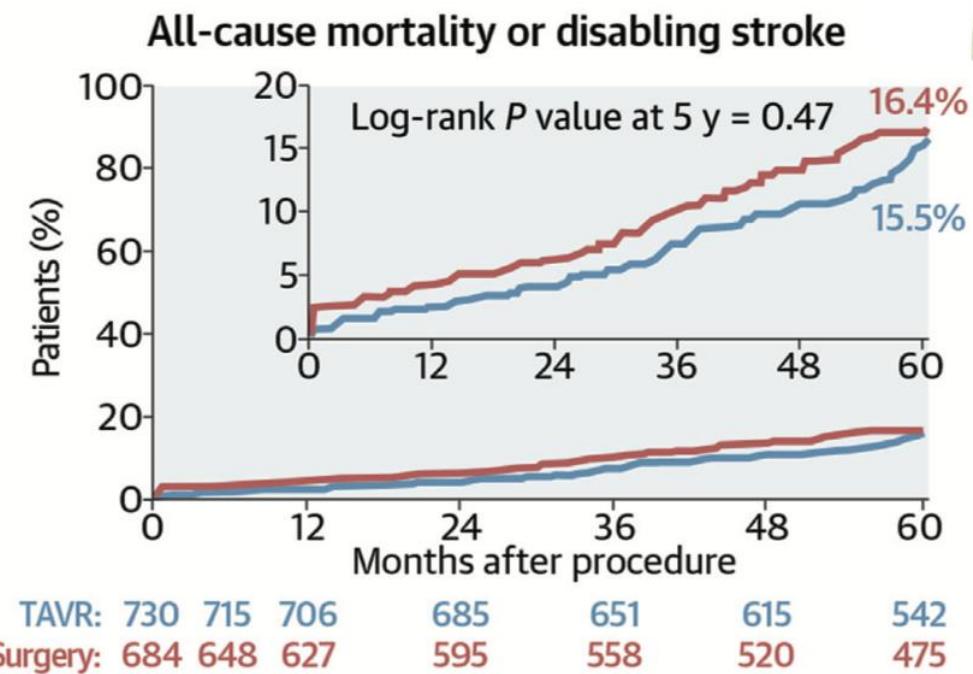
Aortic valve reintervention:  
2.6% TAVR vs 3.0% SAVR

Mack MJ et al. NEJM 2023;389:1949-1960

## 5-Year Outcomes After Transcatheter or Surgical Aortic Valve Replacement in Low-Risk Patients With Aortic Stenosis



### Evolut Low Risk



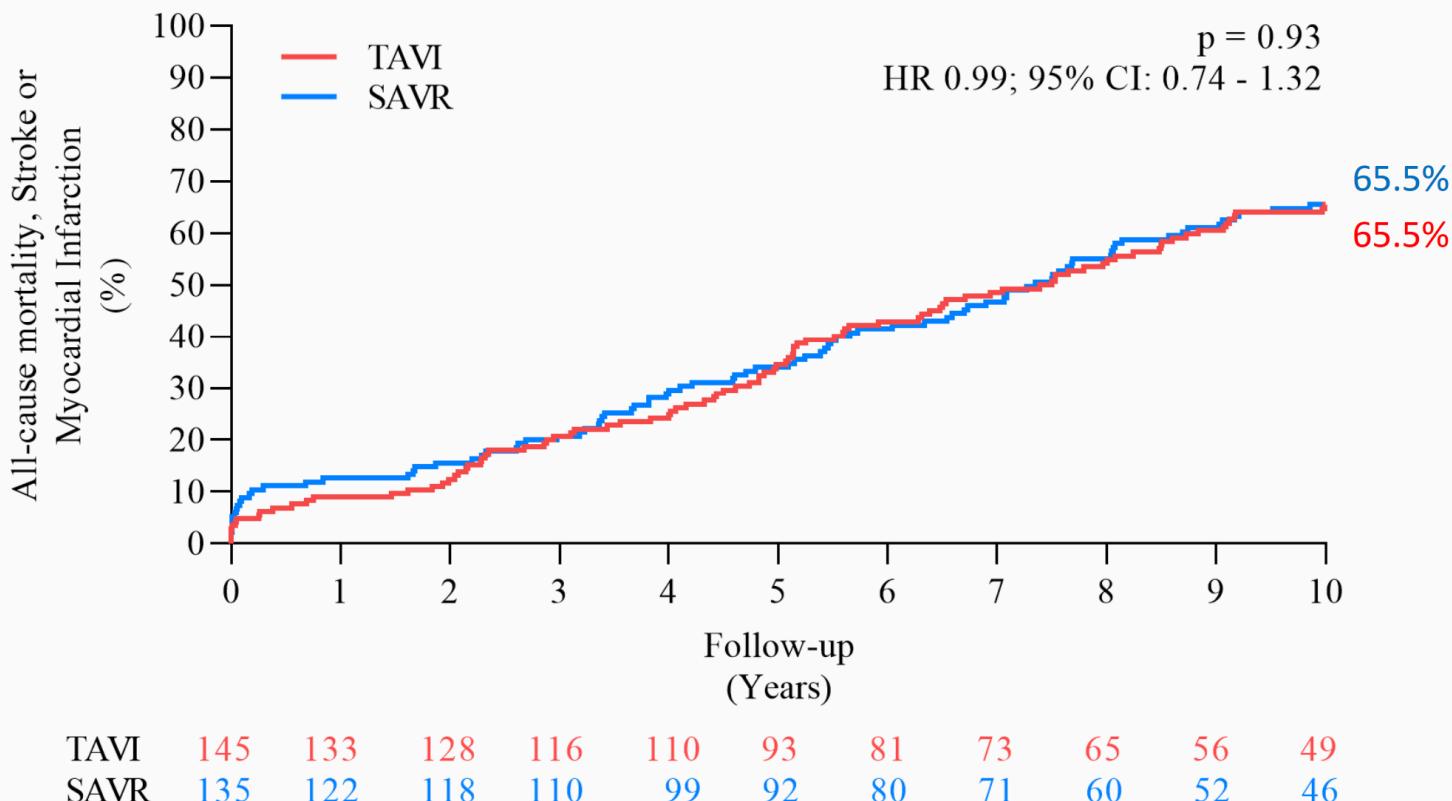
Aortic valve reintervention:  
3.3% TAVR vs 2.5% SAVR

Forrest JK et al. JACC 2025;85:1523-1532

# NOTION Trial - 10 years

RCT TAVR (corevalve) vs. SAVR in lower risk patients  $\geq 70$ ans

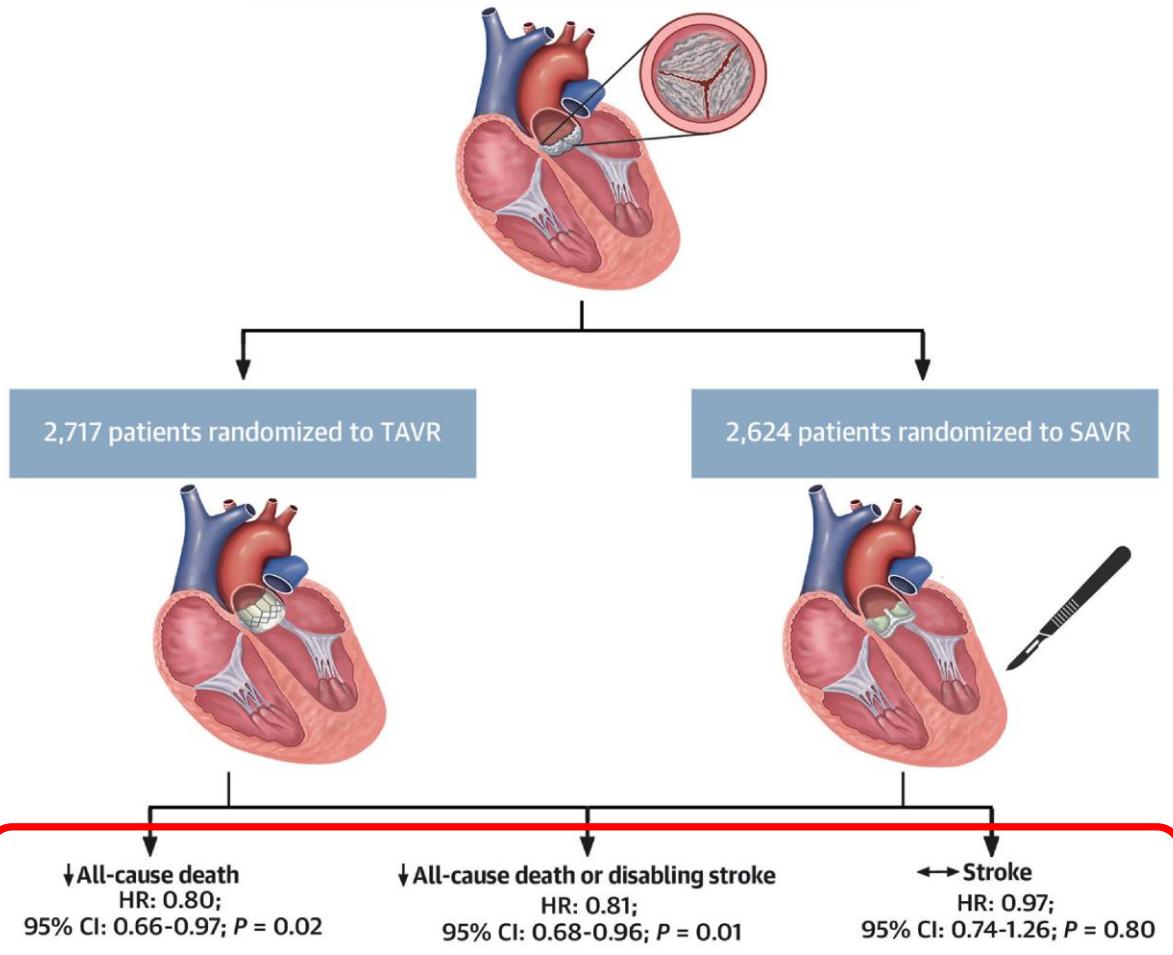
## All-cause mortality, Stroke, Myocardial infarction



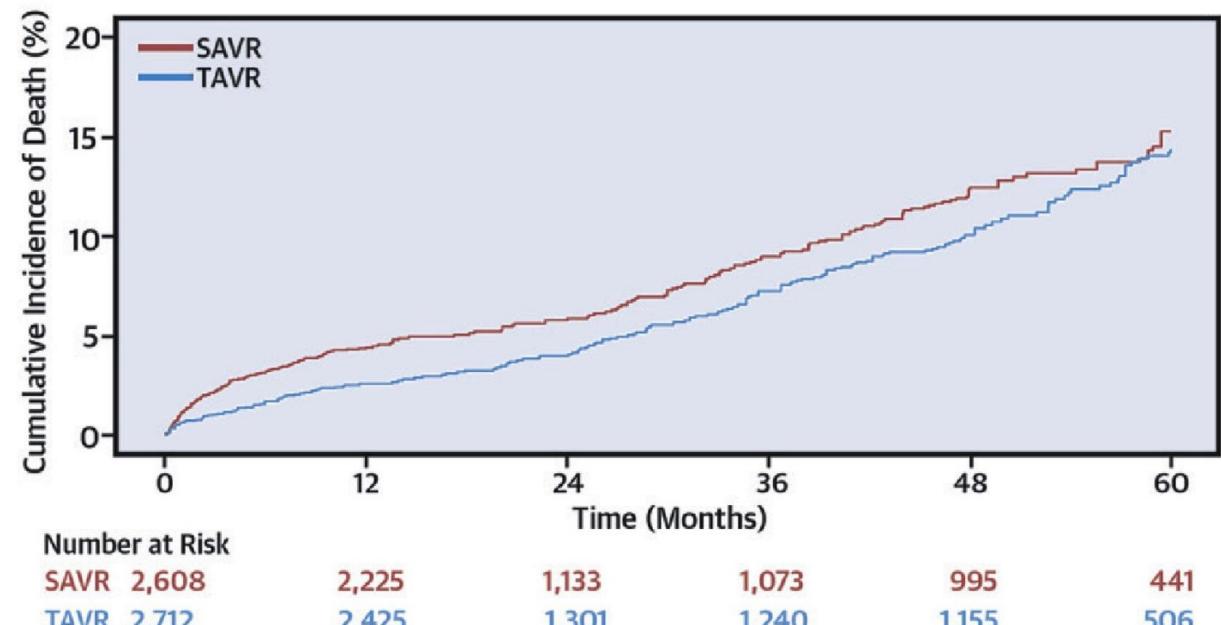
# TAVR vs. SAVR in Lower-Risk Patients

## Meta-analysis of RCTs: TAVR vs. SAVR

Meta-analysis of 6 trials enrolling 5,341 lower-risk patients with severe aortic stenosis



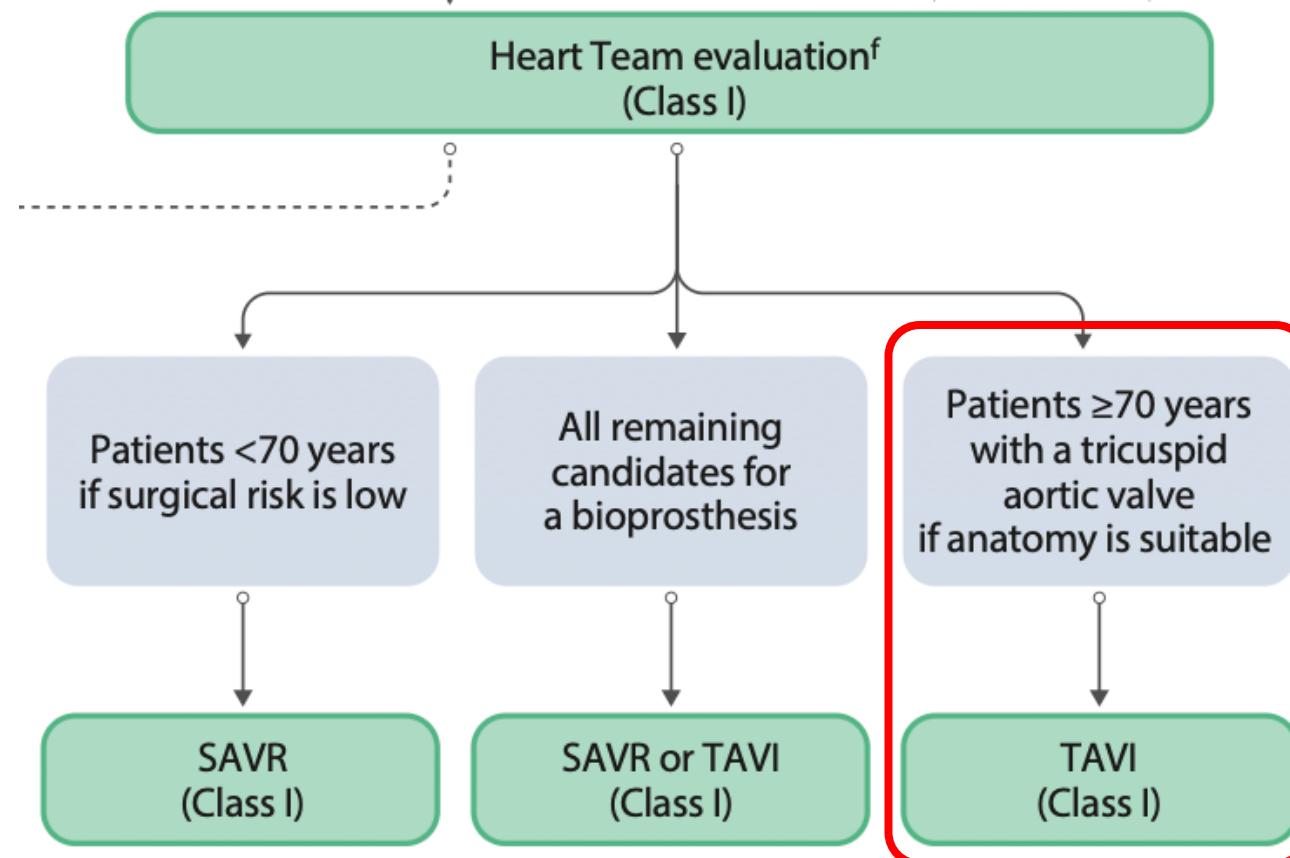
### All-Cause Death in lower-risk Trials



Most patients have not yet undergone 5-year follow-up...

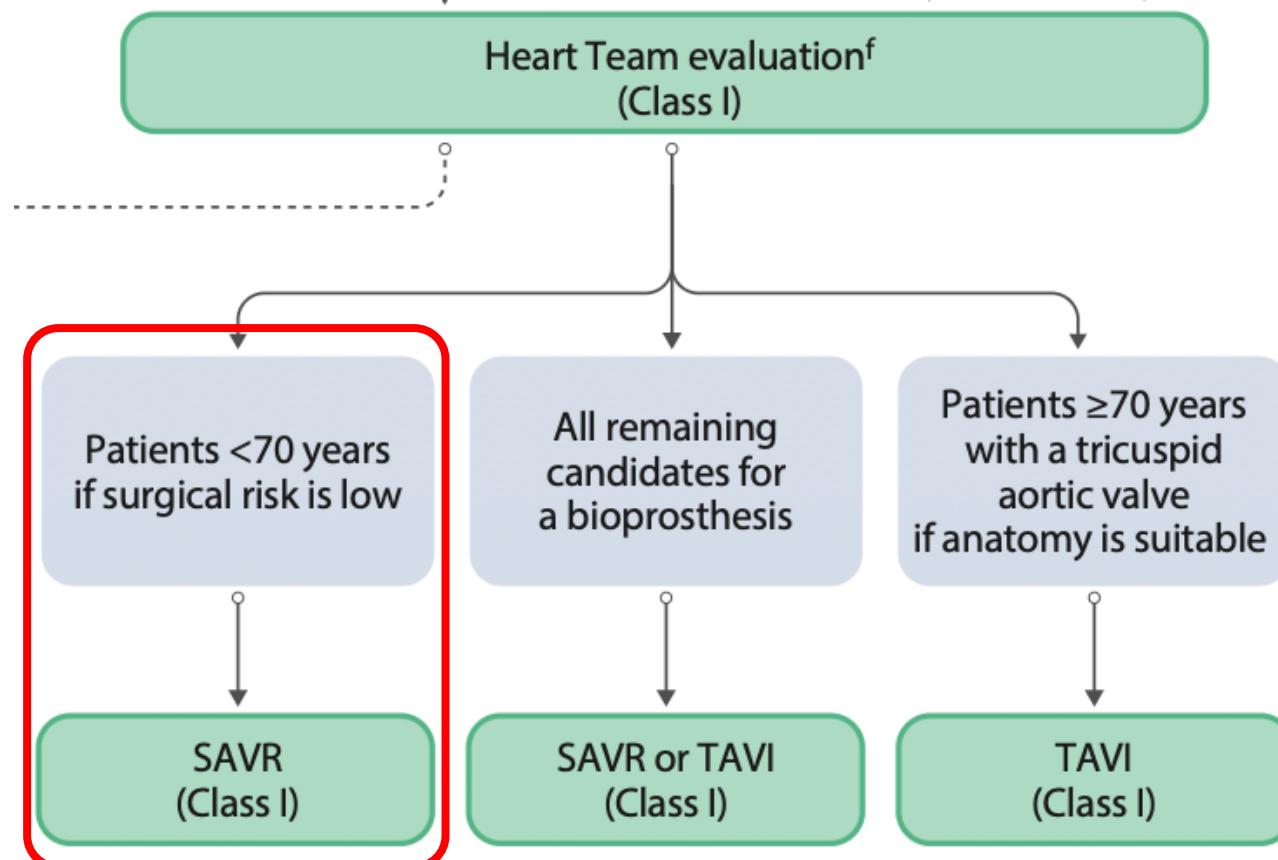
# 2025 ESC/EACTS Guidelines for the management of valvular heart disease

## Management of patients with severe aortic stenosis.



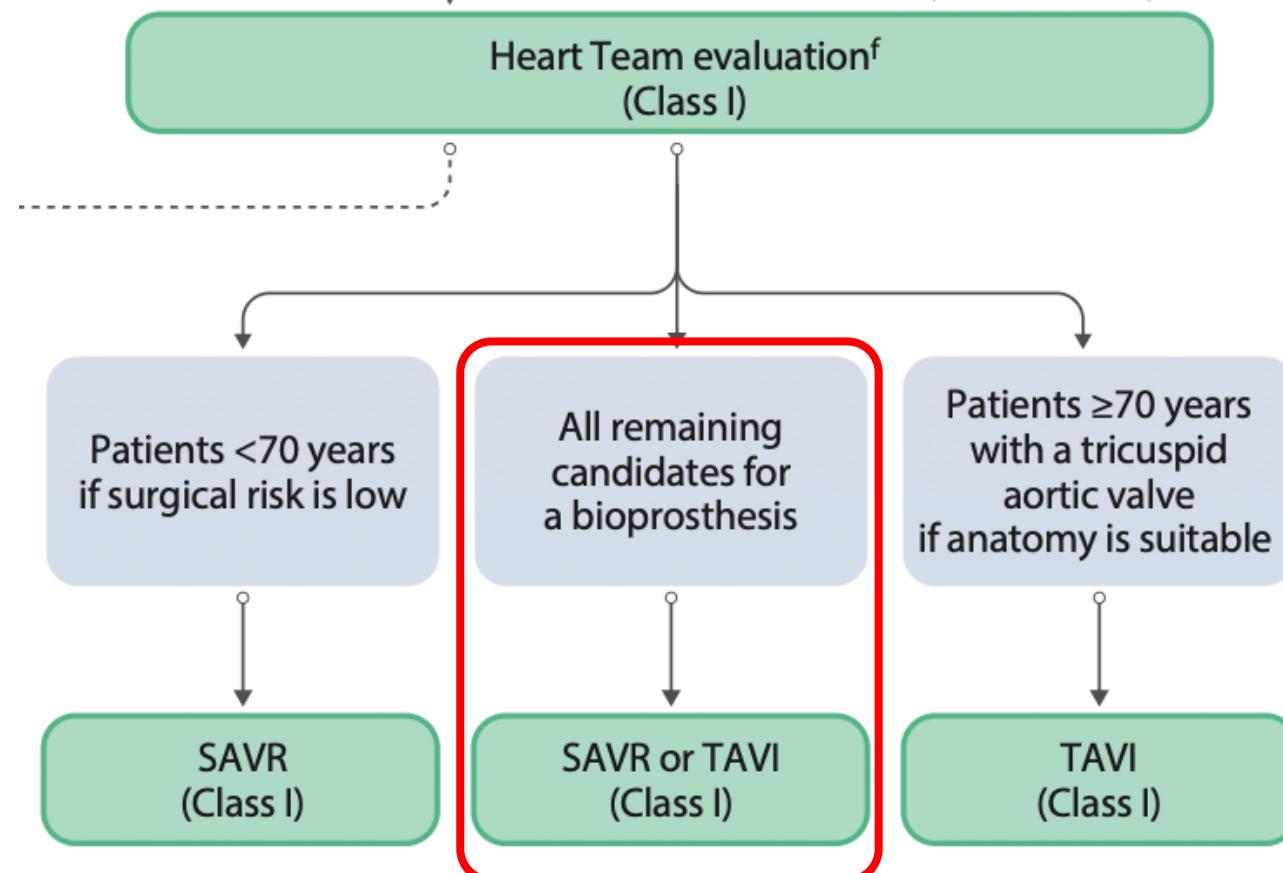
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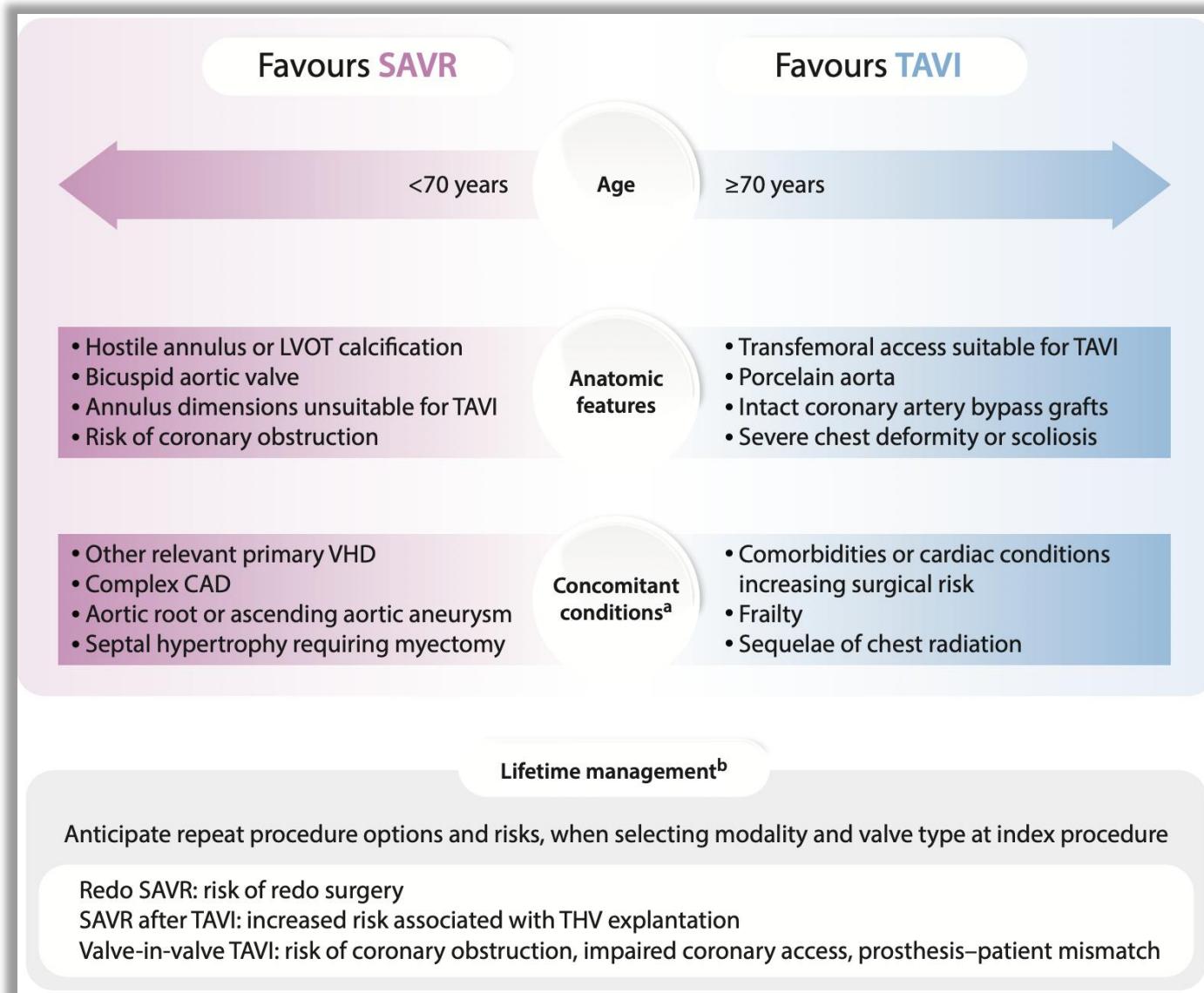


# 2025 ESC/EACTS Guidelines for the management of valvular heart disease

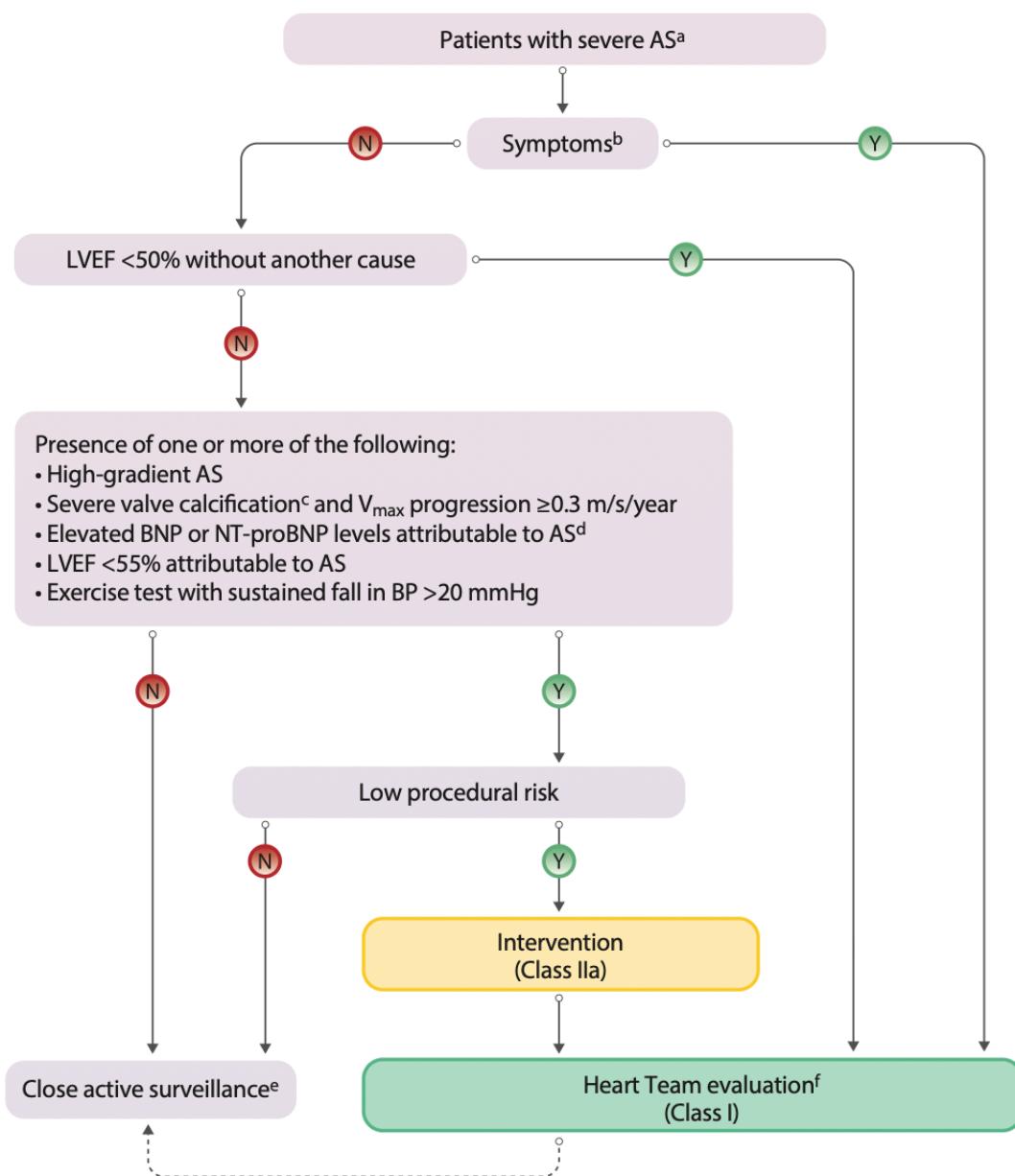
## Management of patients with severe aortic stenosis.



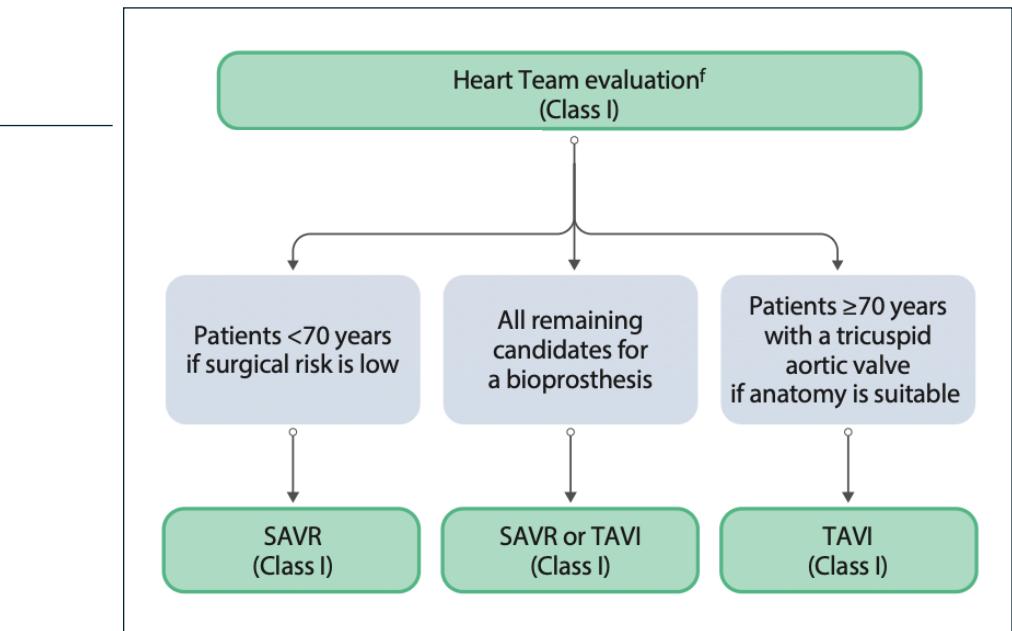
# Facteurs à considérer pour décider du mode d'intervention



# 2025 ESC/EACTS Guidelines for the management of valvular heart disease

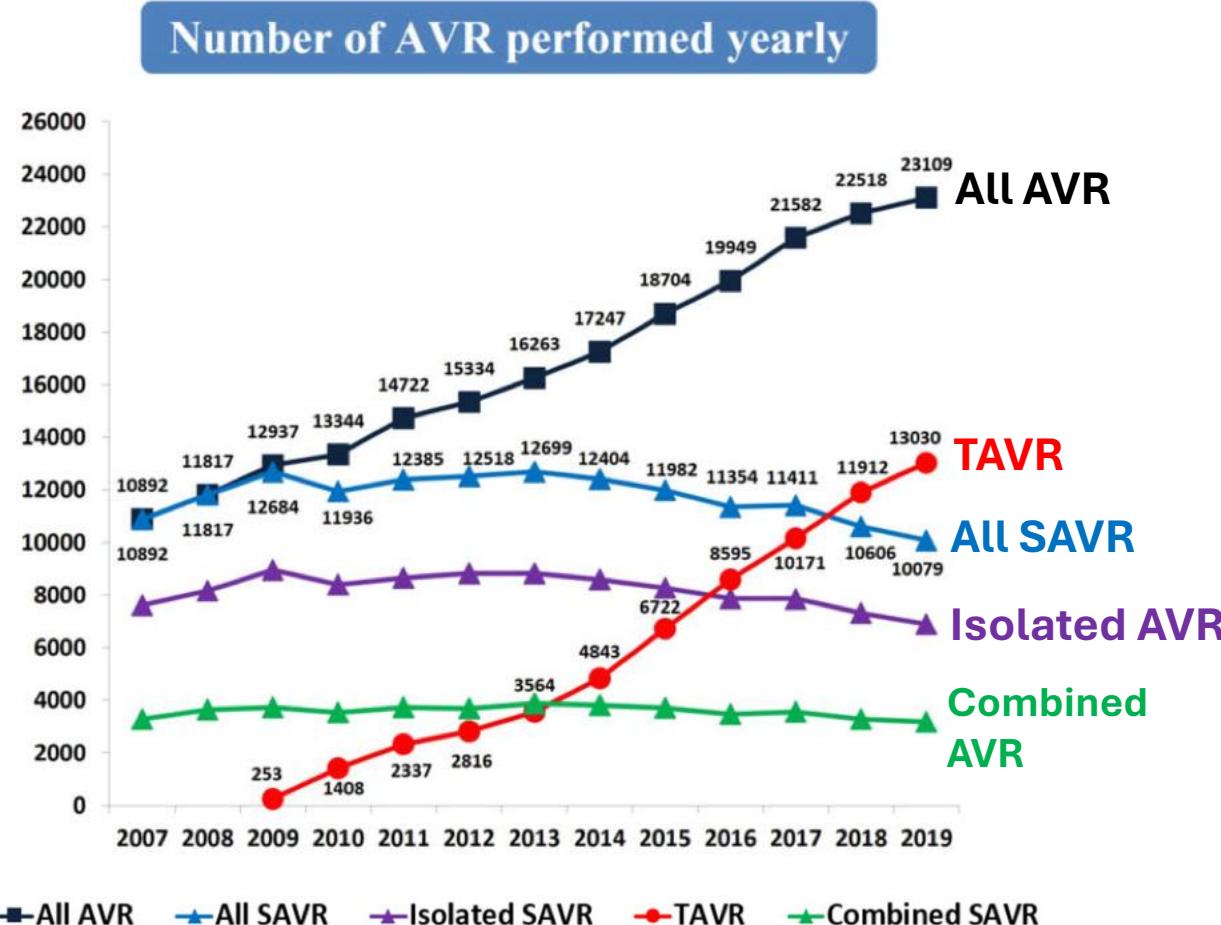


## RAC serré symptomatique et asymptomatique....

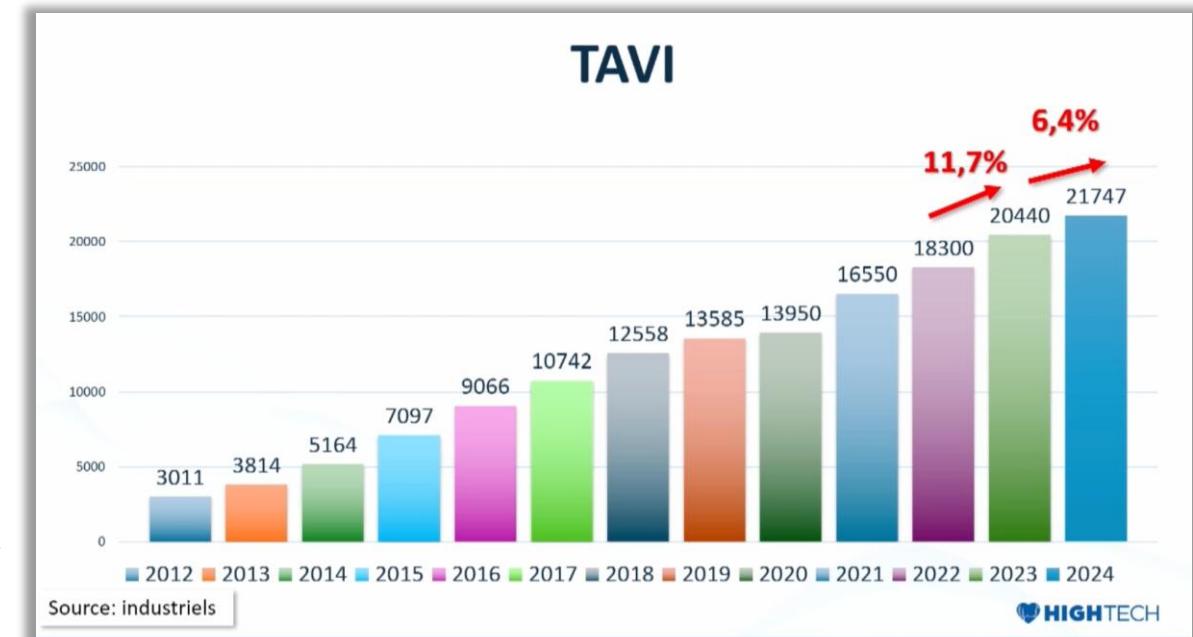


# Évolution de l'offre TAVI en France

Trends in aortic valve replacement for aortic stenosis: a French nationwide study



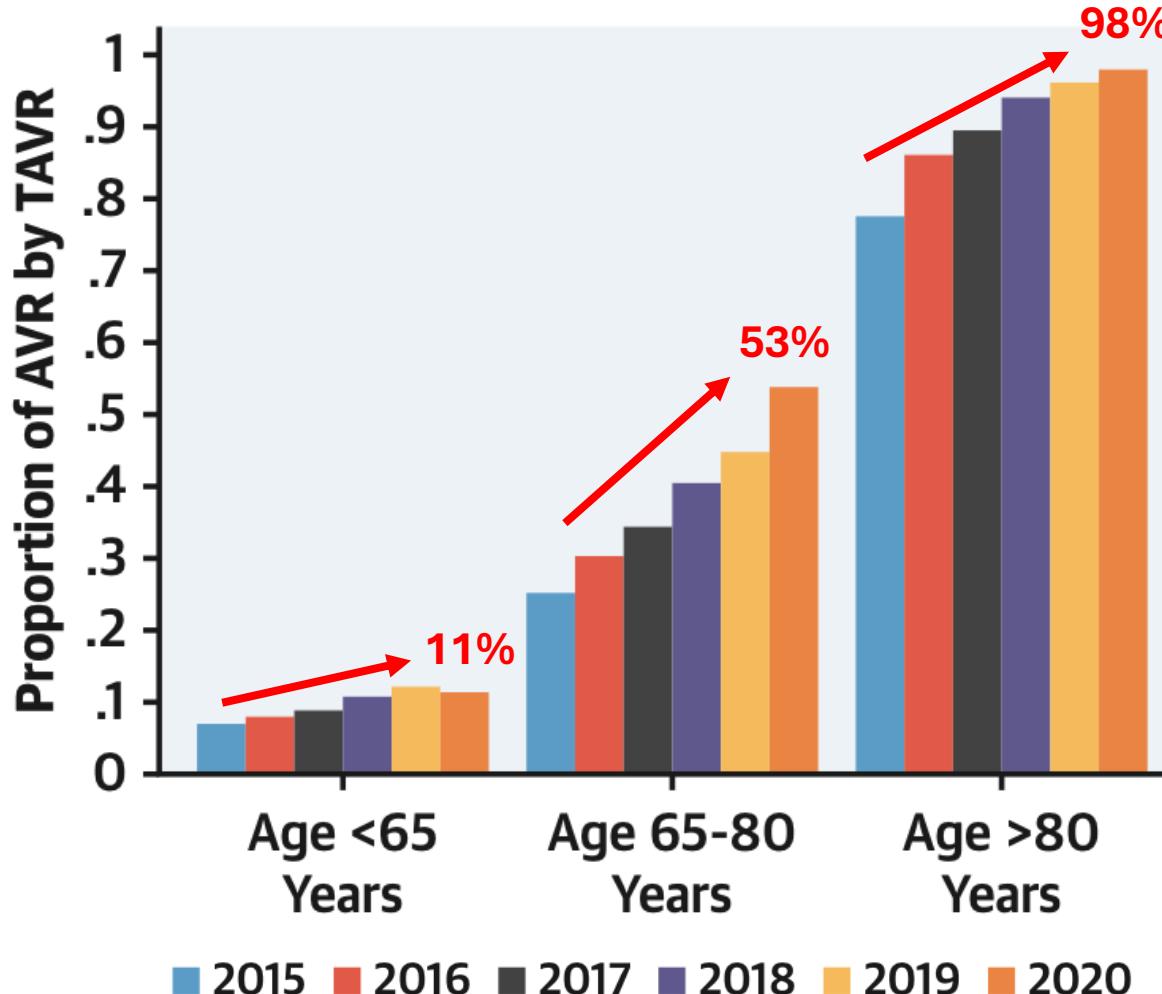
## Activité TAVI en France



# Prise en charge du RAC en France (selon l'âge)

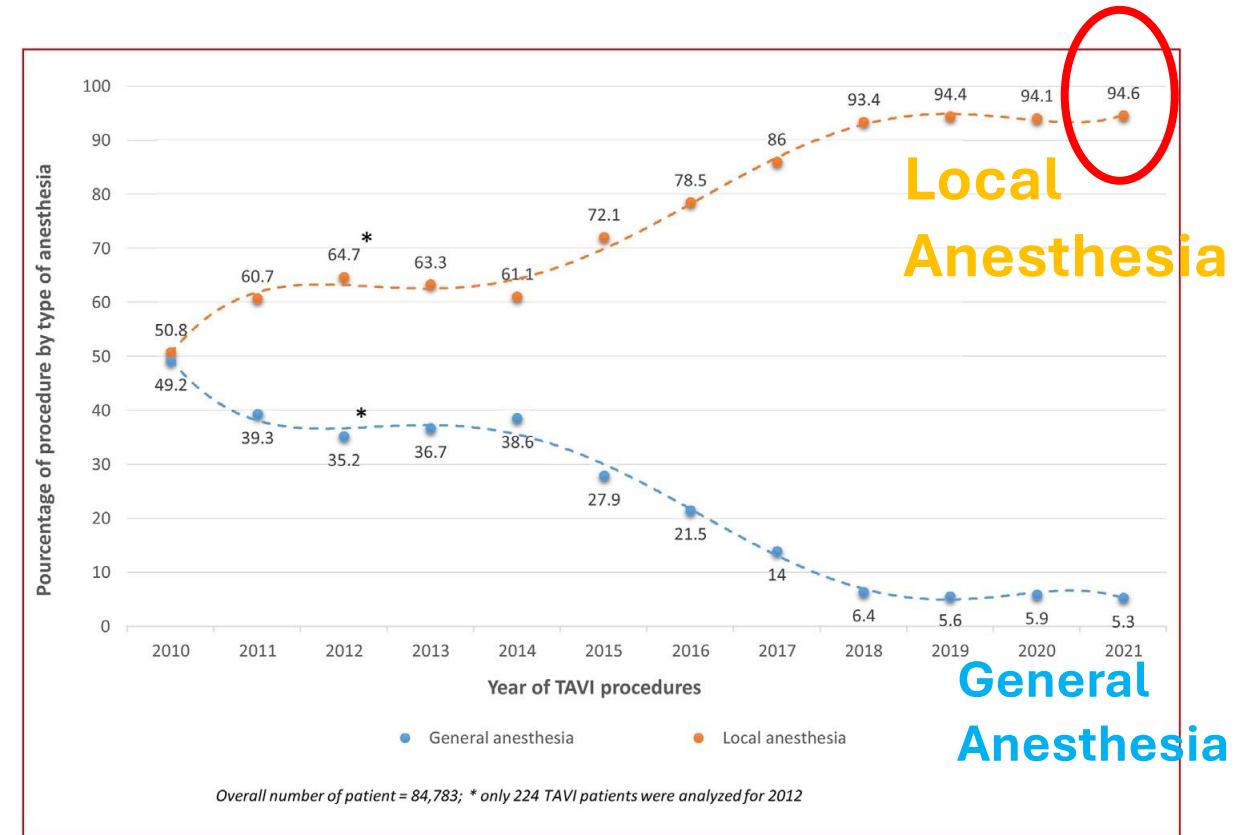
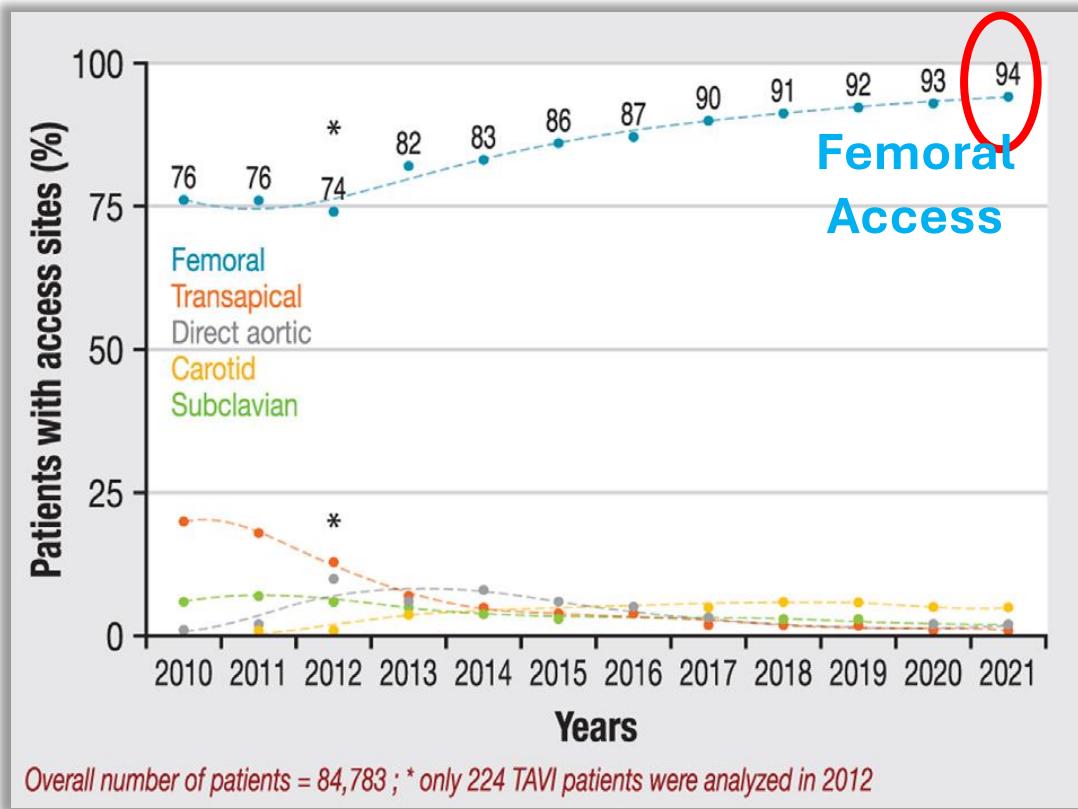
**Nationwide administrative database**

(107 397 pts traités pour AVR, 2015 – 2020)

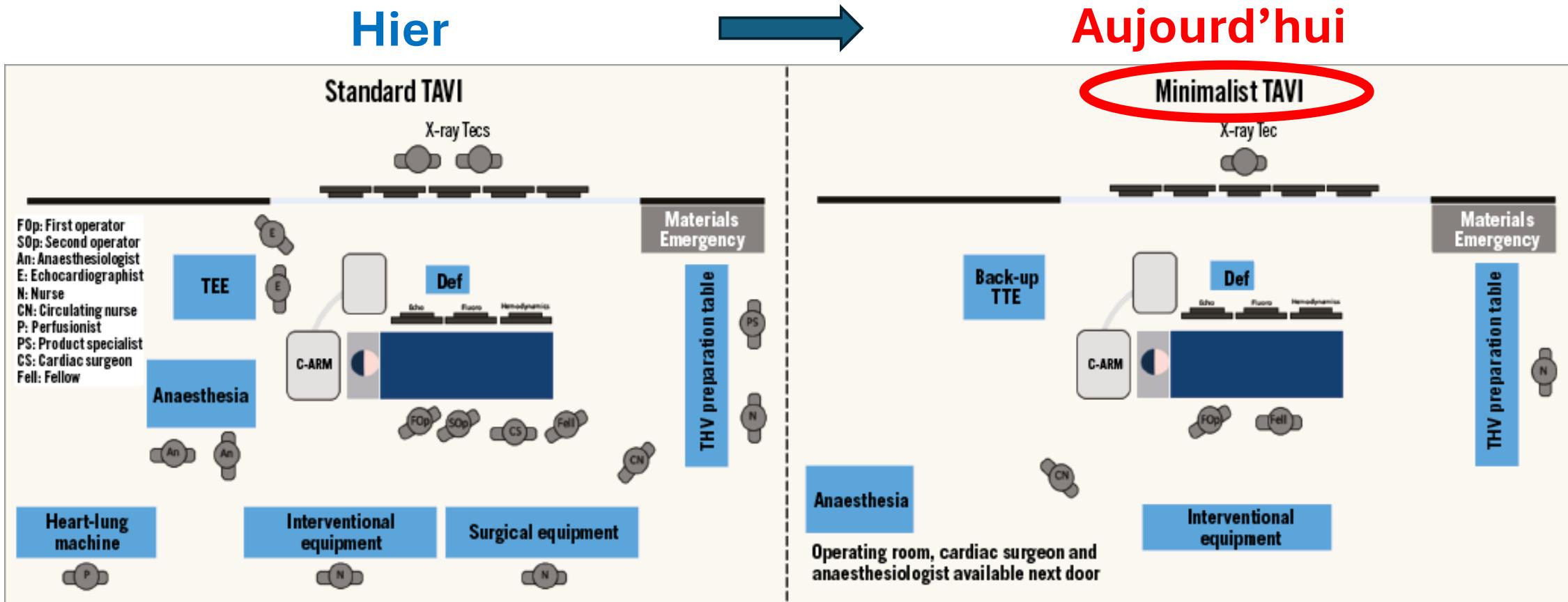


# **TAVI: la technique**

# Evolution of TAVI patients and techniques over the past decade: The French TAVI registries



# Simplification de la procédure

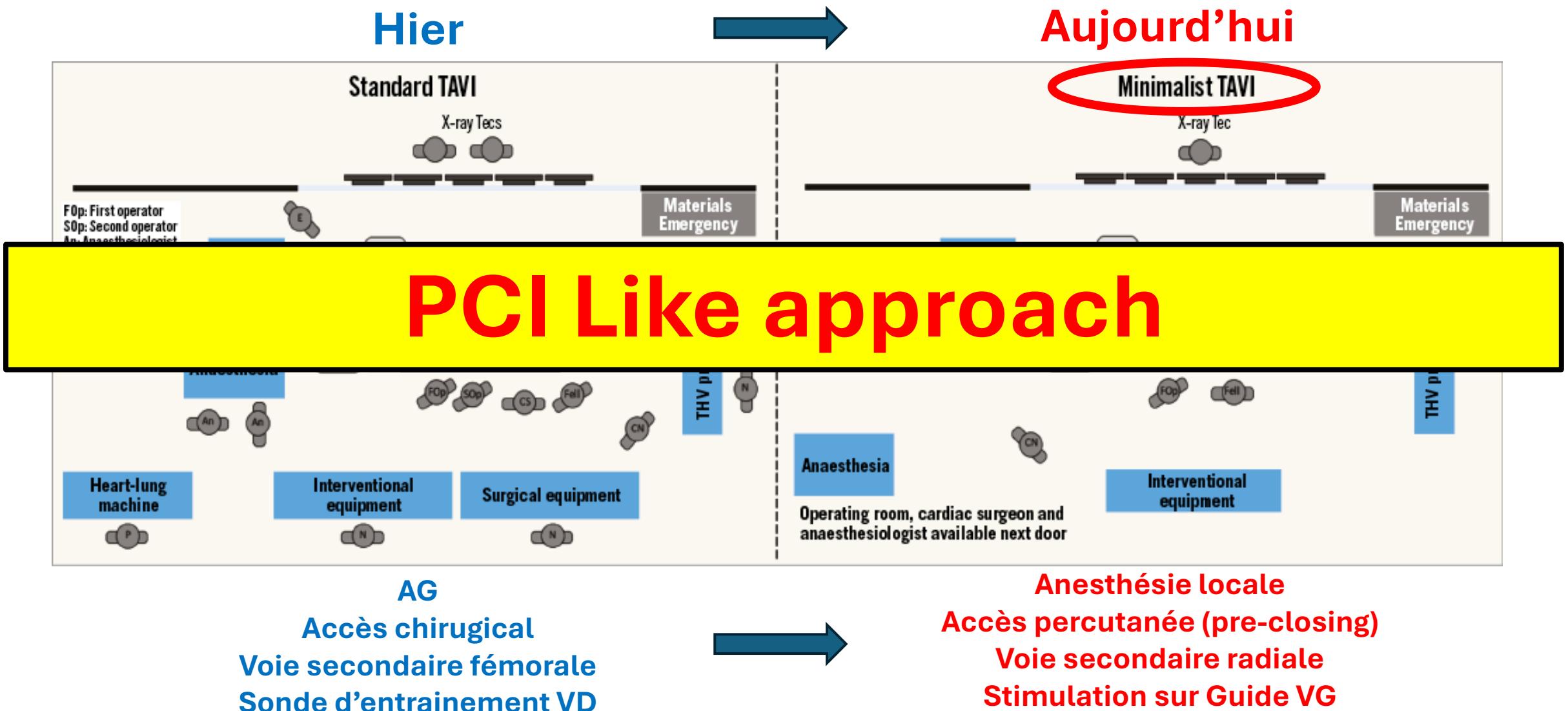


AG  
Accès chirurgical  
Voie secondaire fémorale  
Sonde d'entrainement VD



Anesthésie locale  
Accès percutanée (pre-closing)  
Voie secondaire radiale  
Stimulation sur Guide VG

# Simplification de la procédure



# LPPR prostheses in sept 2025



**Sapien 3 Ultra**  
Balloon-Expandable



**Evolut Fx**  
Self-Expandable

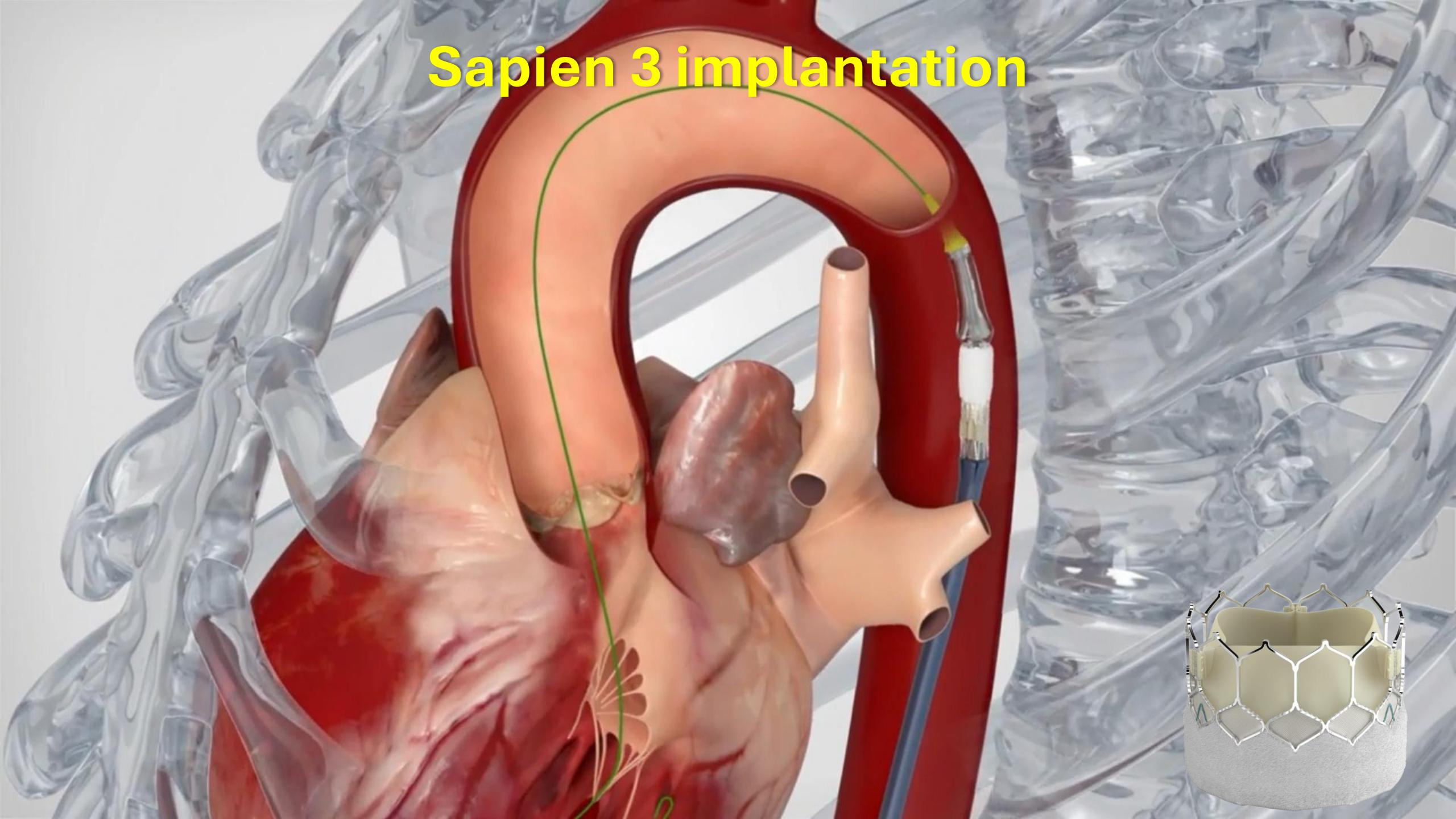


**Navitor**  
Self-Expandable

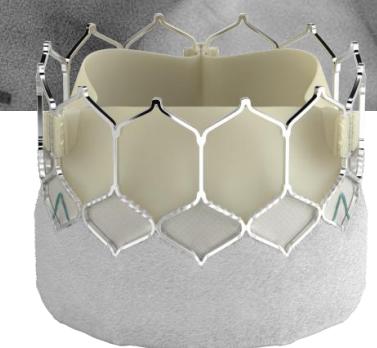
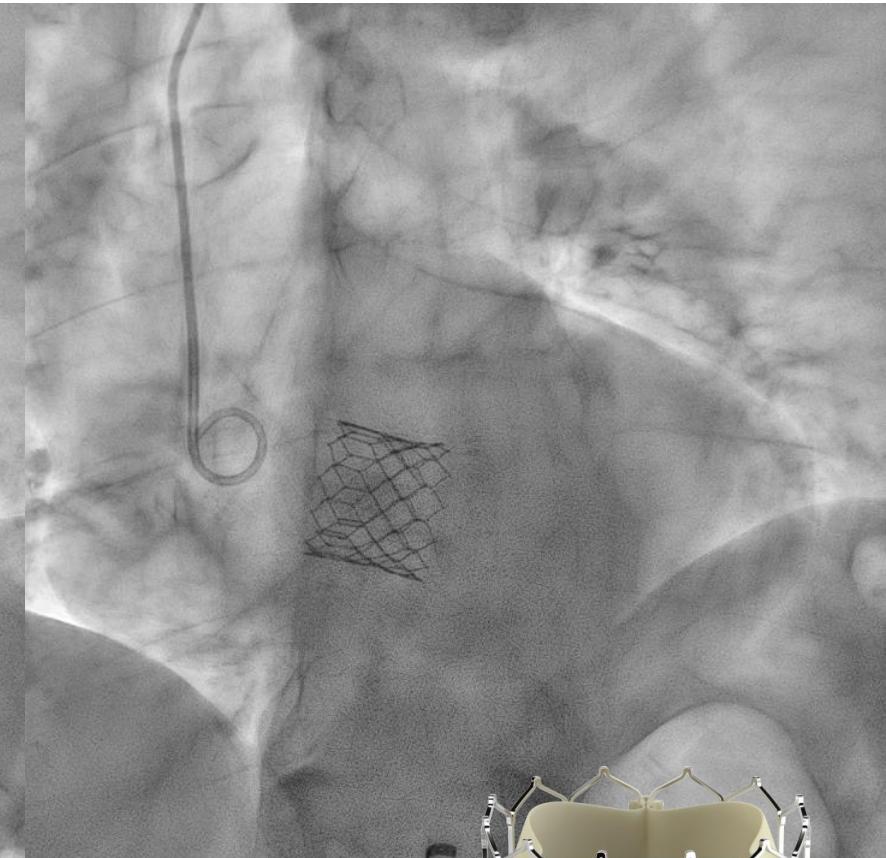
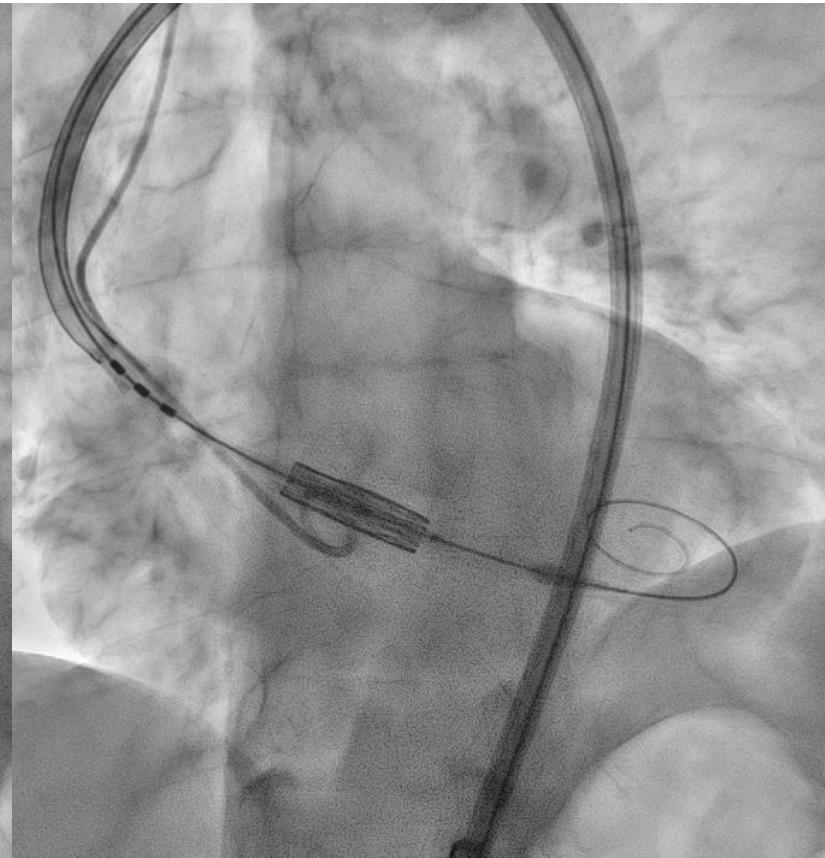
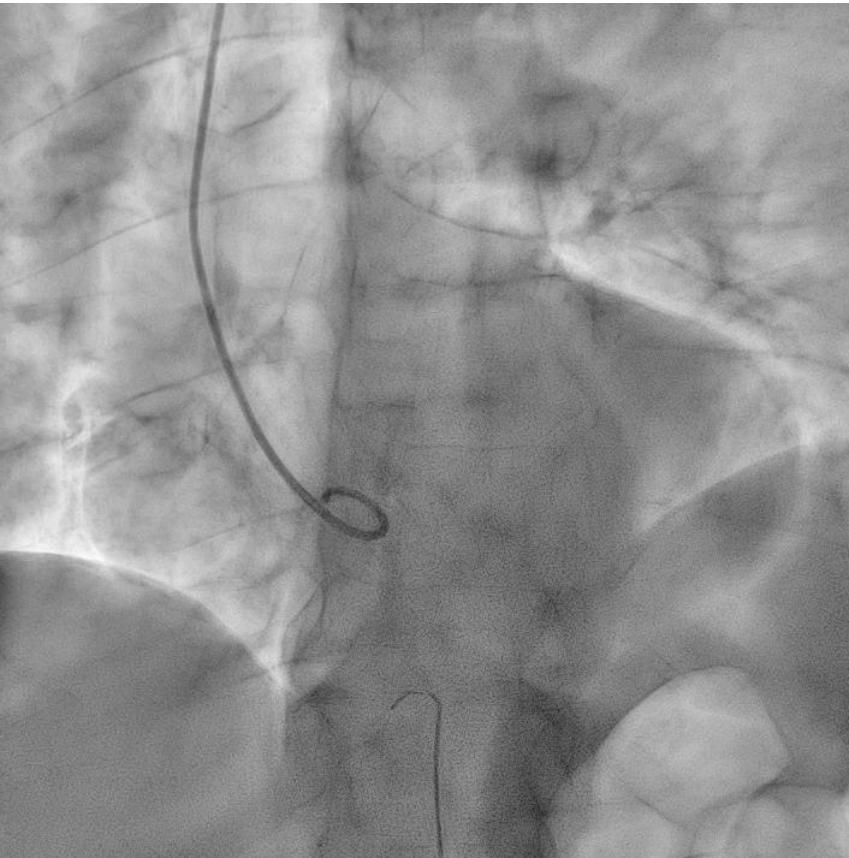
Whatever the operative risk

High operative risk

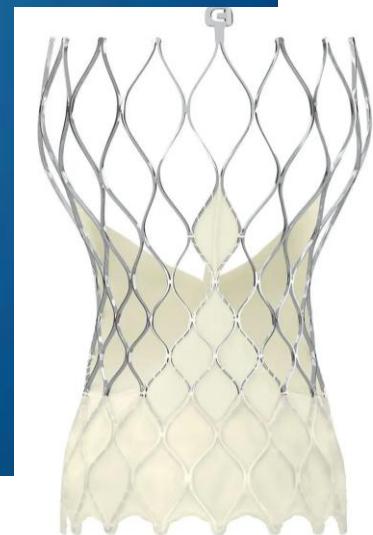
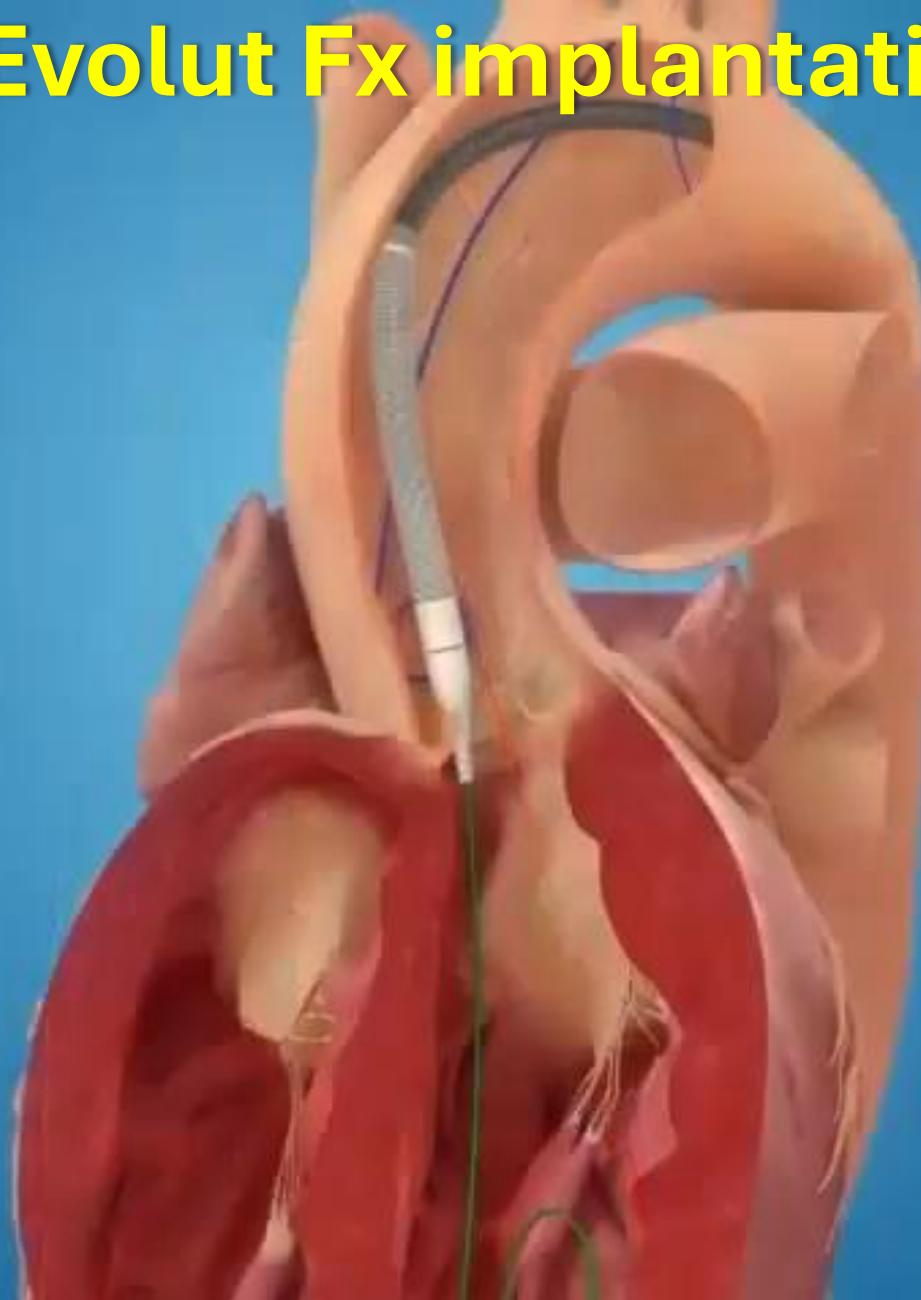
# Sapien 3 implantation



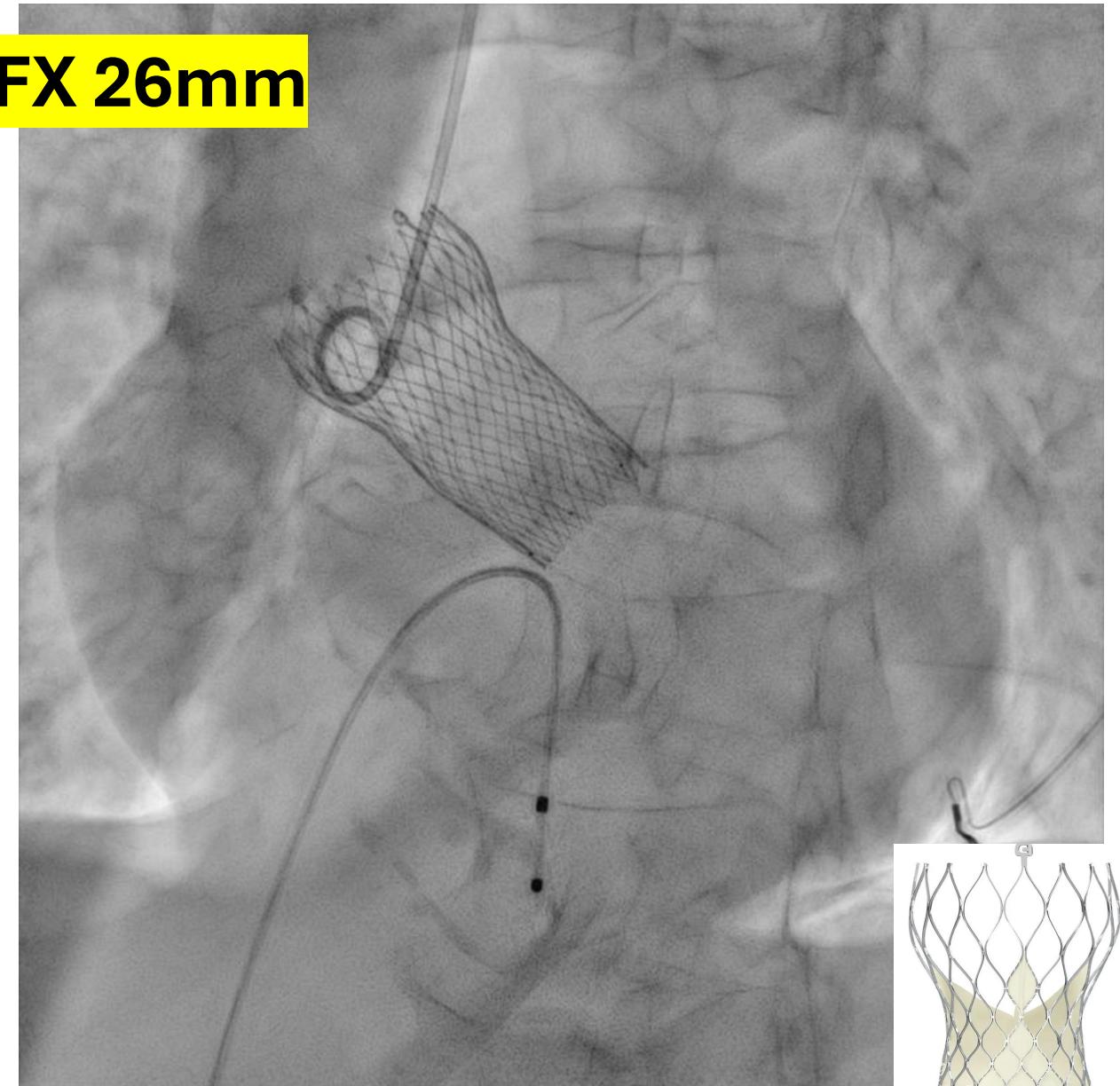
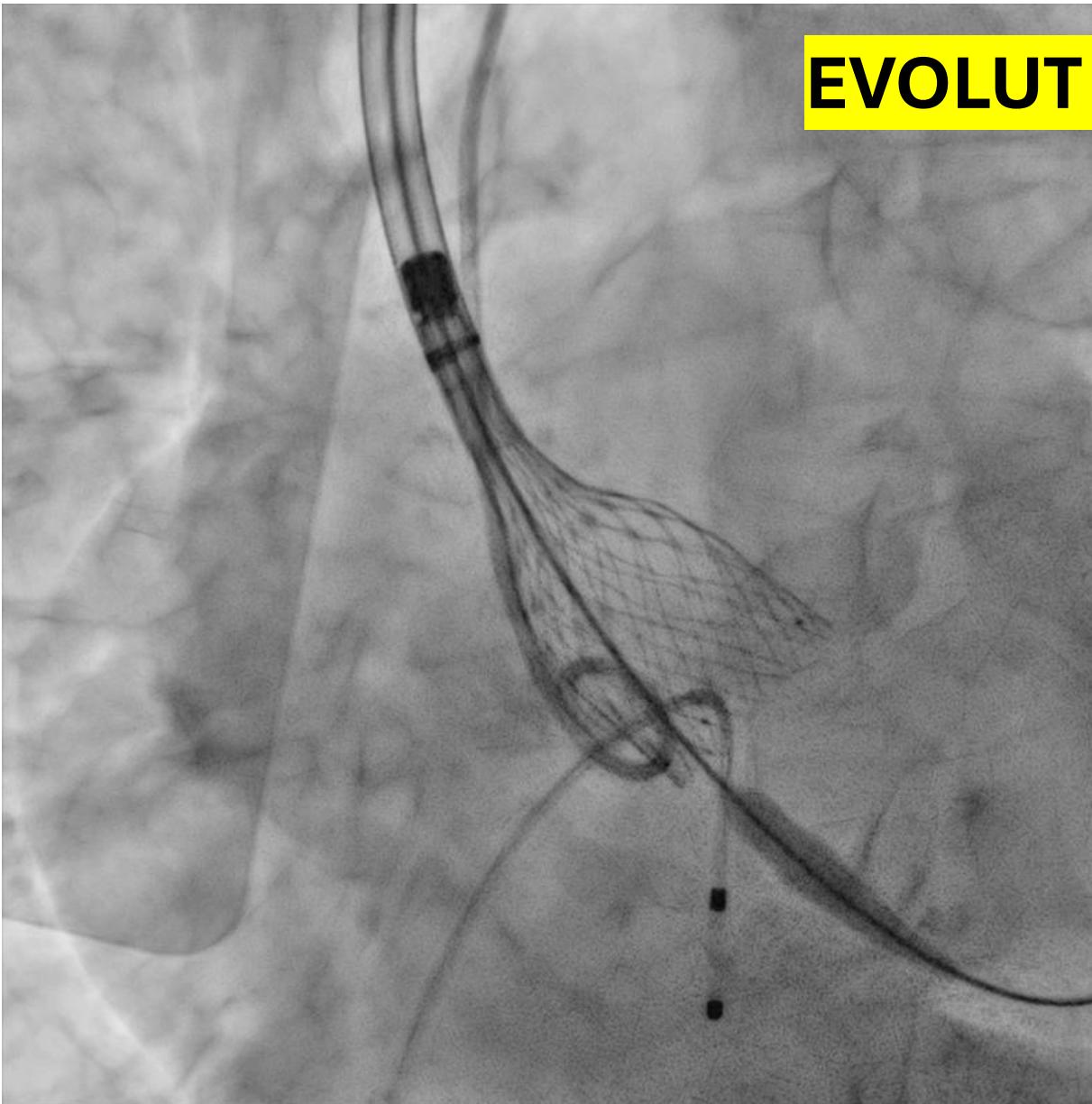
# Sapien 3 Valve in Practice



# Evolut Fx implantation



**EVOLUT FX 26mm**



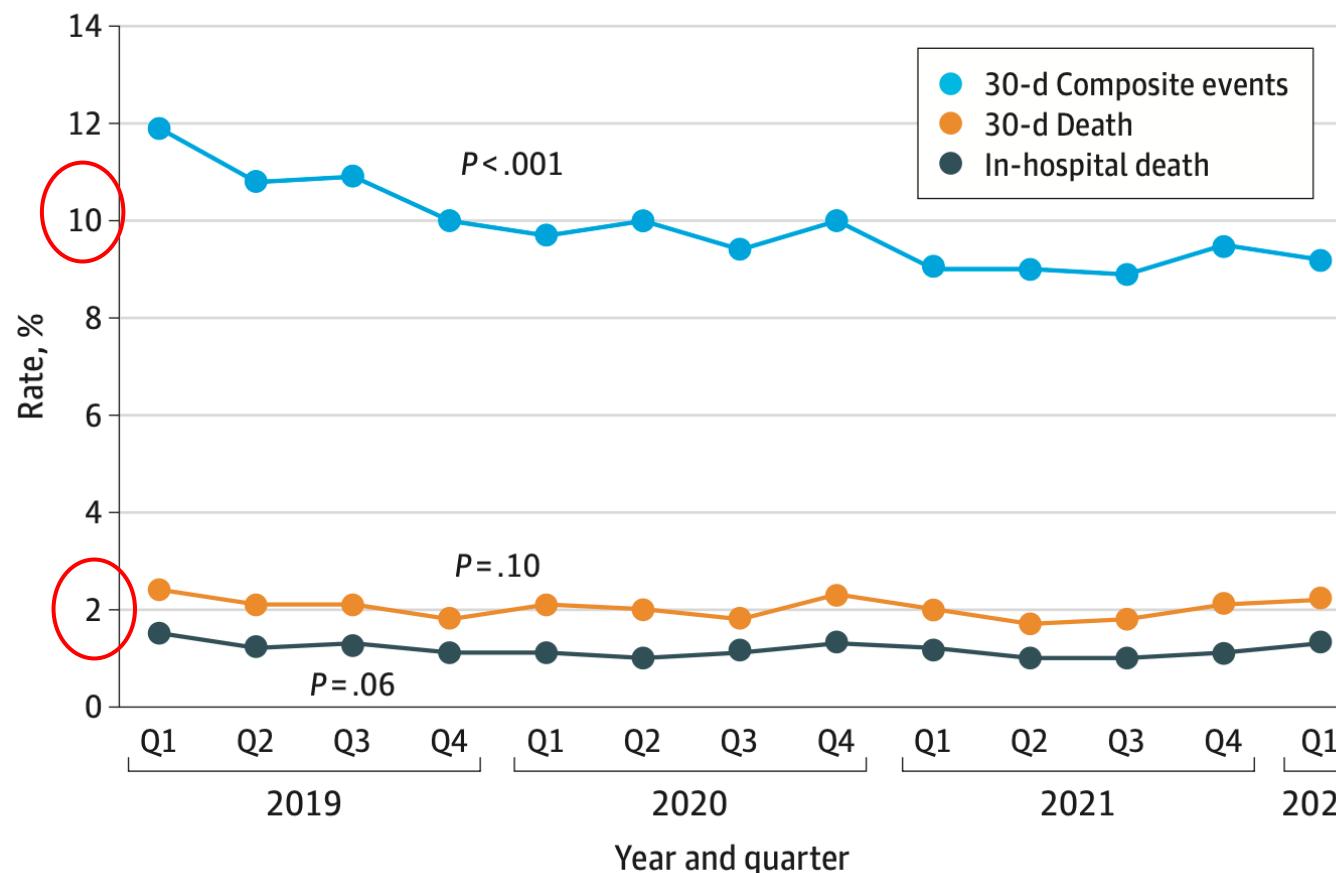
# Résultats cliniques

JAMA Cardiology | Original Investigation

## Trends in Transcatheter Aortic Valve Replacement Outcomes Insights From the STS/ACC TVT Registry

210 495 pts; median age 79 (73-85) yrs, 43% were female; STS 3.3%

### A In-hospital mortality, 30-d mortality, and 30-d composite events



### 30-d Composite events

Death; stroke; stage 3 AKI; major, LT, or disabling bleeding; moderate or severe PVL

### 30-d Death

### In-hospital death

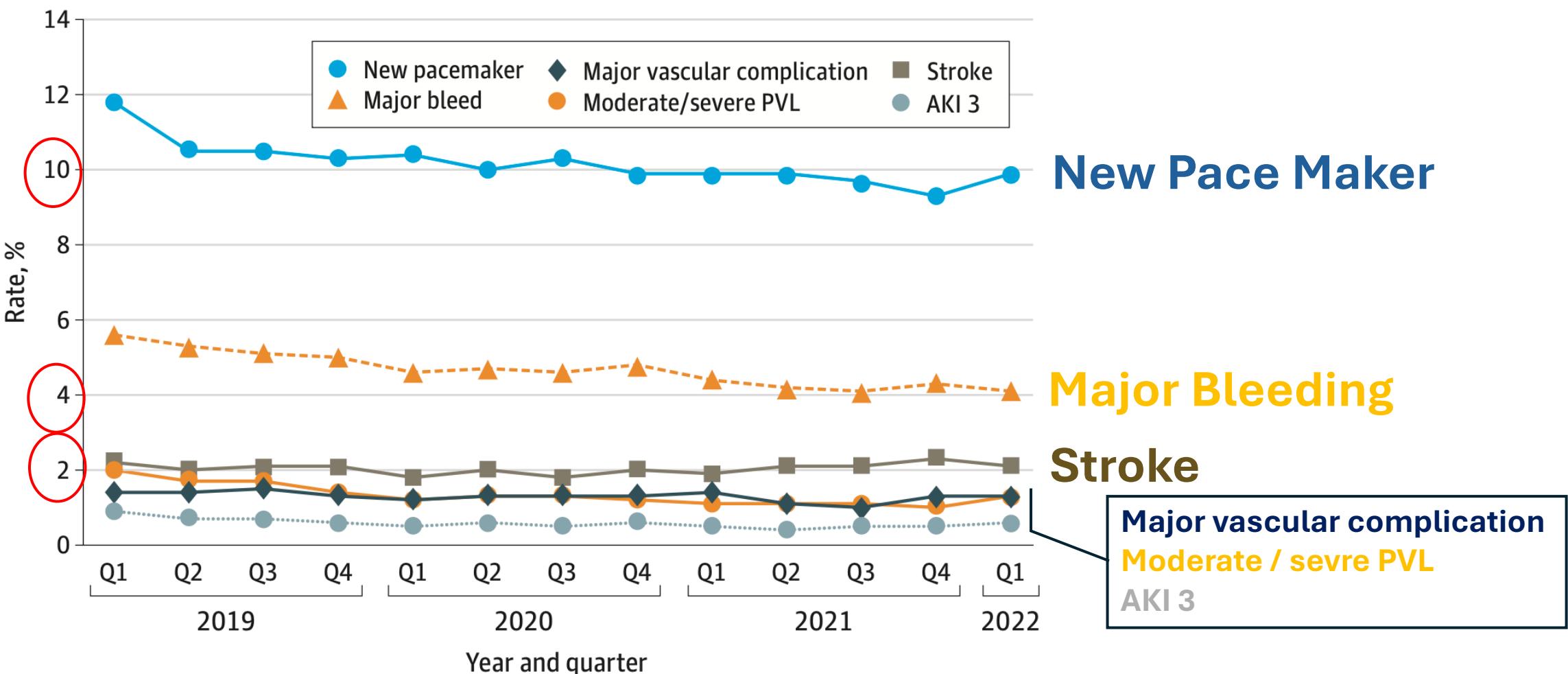
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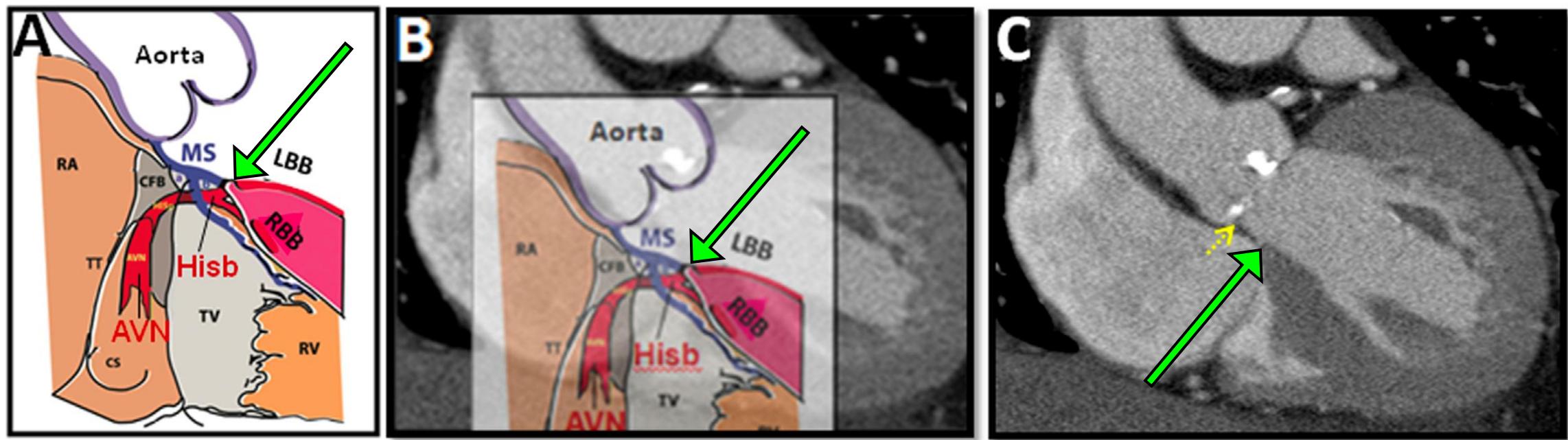
## Trends in Transcatheter Aortic Valve Replacement Outcomes Insights From the STS/ACC TVT Registry

B 30-d Major complications

210 495 pts; median age 79 (73-85) yrs, 43% were female; STS 3.3%



## CENTRAL ILLUSTRATION Schematic of the Conduction System's Topographic Anatomy and Its Corresponding CT Anatomic Landmarks

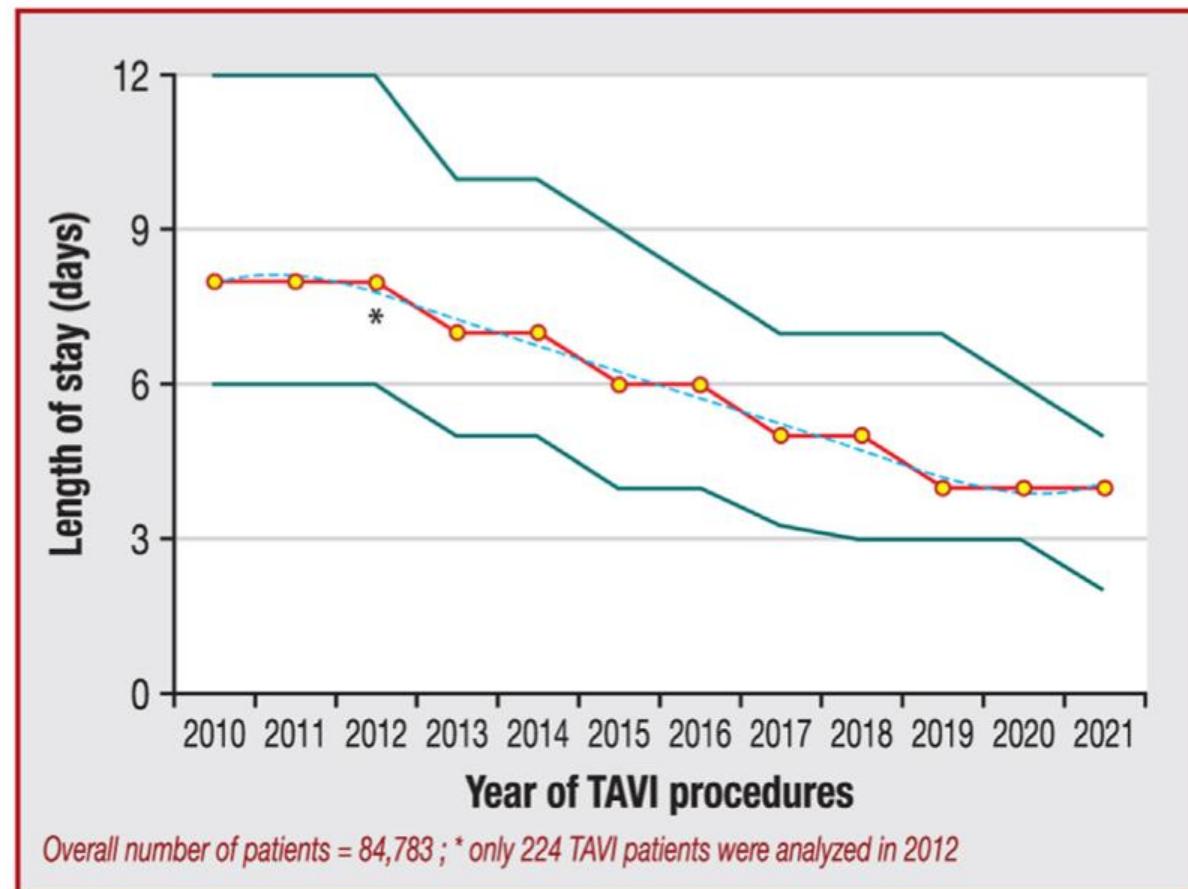


Hamdan, A. et al. J Am Coll Cardiol Intv. 2015; 8(9):1218-28.

**(A)** Illustration of the conduction system's topographic anatomy. Contrast-enhanced CT coronal view with **(B)** and without **(C)** superimposed illustration of the conduction system. Since the penetrating bundle of His emerges just below the membranous septum at the left ventricular surface, membranous septum (MS) length (**arrows**) serves as an anatomic surrogate of the distance between aortic annulus and the exit point of the bundle of His. AVN = atrioventricular node; CFB = central fibrous body; CS = coronary sinus; CT = computed tomography; His b = penetrating section of the His bundle; LBB = left bundle branch; MS = membranous septum; RA = right atrium; RBB = right bundle branch; RV = right ventricle; TT = tendon of Todozo; TV = tricuspid valve. Adapted from Yen Ho and Ernst (2), used with permission from Cardiotext Publishing.

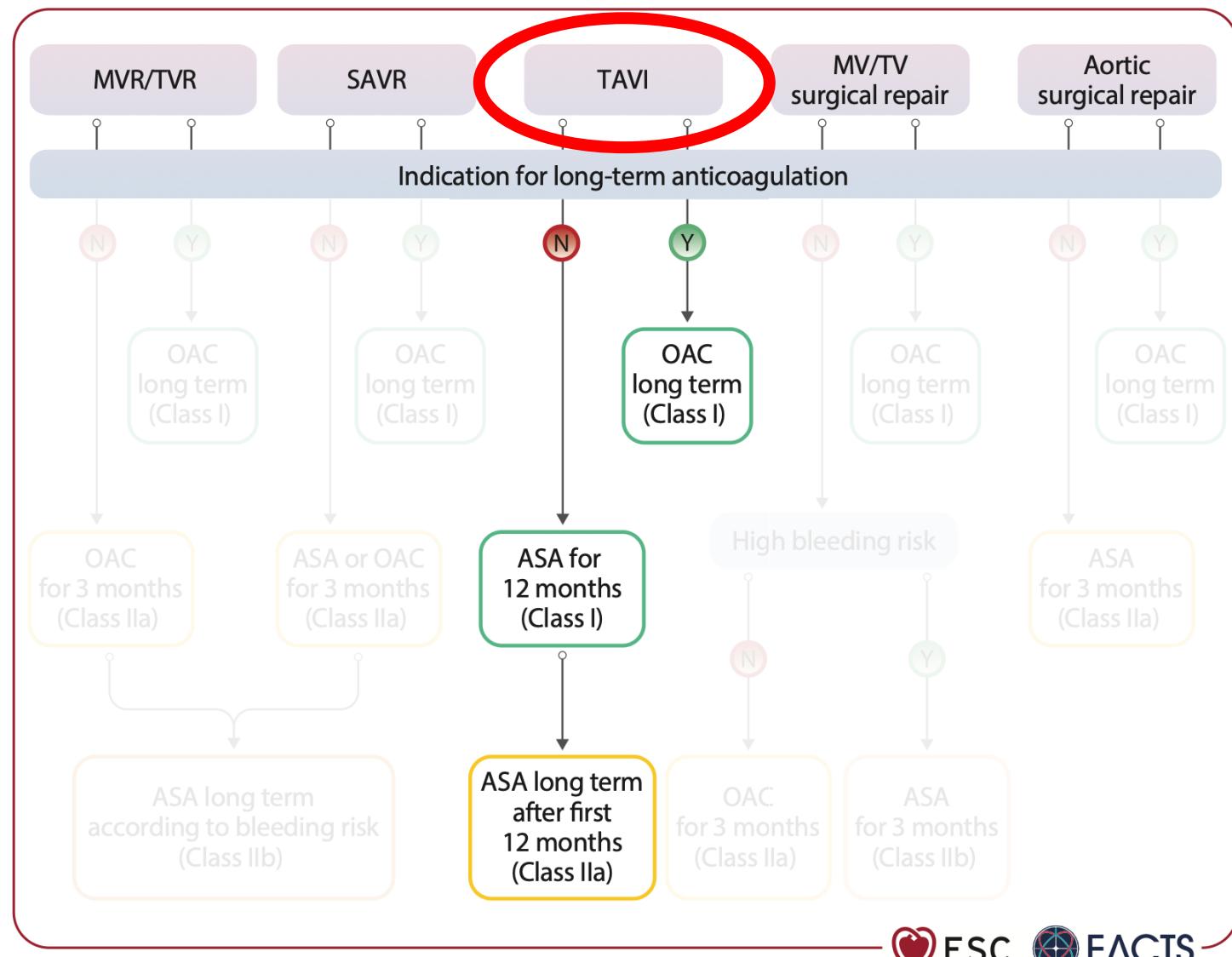
# Résultats cliniques

## Evolution of TAVI patients and techniques over the past decade: The French TAVI registries



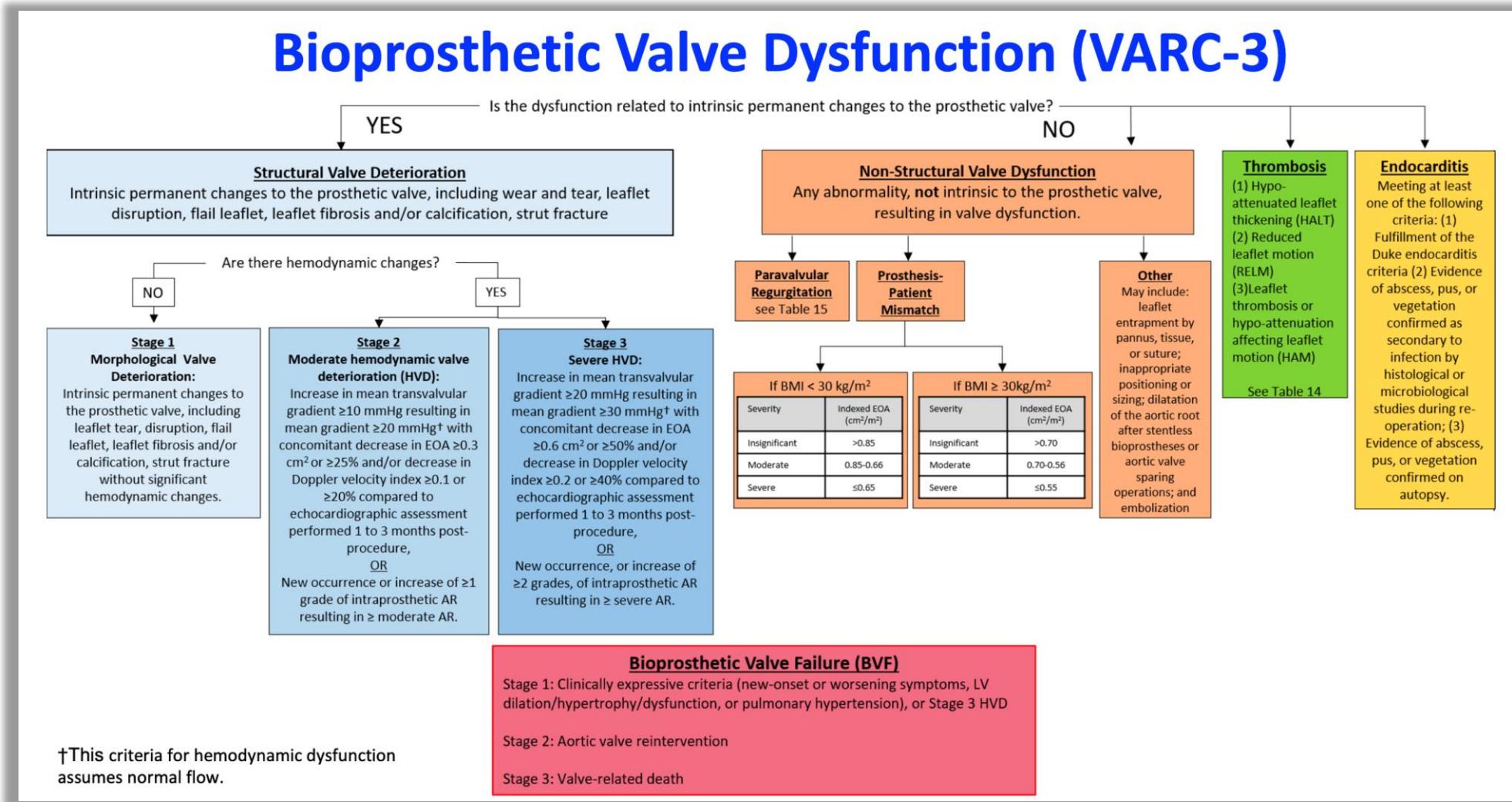
# Suivi post-TAVI

**Antithrombotic therapy  
following biological heart  
valve implantation or  
surgical valve repair**



# Suivi post-TAVI

Suivi clinique et ETT dans les 3 mois post-implantation, à 1 an puis tous les ans



# Take Home Message

## TAVI

**Le rétrécissement aortique continue de croître avec le vieillissement démographique.**

**Le TAVI a démontré son efficacité par rapport à la chirurgie à la fois chez le patient à haut risque, à risque intermédiaire et à bas risque.**

**Il est dorénavant recommandé en première intention chez les patients de plus de 70 ans avec valve tricuspide et anatomie favorable.**

**A la faveur des innovations techniques, la procédure est dorénavant plus simple et plus sûre.**

**Restent en suspens de nombreuses questions: les troubles conductifs, la durabilité, la gestion des dégénérescences ? Etc...**

**Merci**

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